SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)	
(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES
For Quarterly period ended	December 31, 1994
or	
() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	3 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES
For the transition period from	to
Commission file number	er 1-4219
ZAPATA CORPORATI	
(Exact name of registrant as spec	
DELAWARE (Otata and otata	C-74-1339132
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
P.O. Box 4240, Houston, Texas	77210
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area	code (713) 940-6100
Indicate by check mark whether the regis required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such was required to file such reports), and (2) h requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X	of the Securities Exchange Act of shorter period that the registrant has been subject to such filing
Number of shares outstanding of the registr on February 10, 1995: 31,752,407.	ant's Common Stock, par value \$.25

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Zapata Corporation

Consolidated Balance Sheet Consolidated Income Statement Divisional Revenues and Operating Results Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements

	December 31, 1994	September 30, 1994
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,288	\$ 14,386
Restricted cash		779
Receivables	30,128	27,591
Inventories:	,	•
Compressor equipment and components	20,734	17,629
Gas liquids products	860	414
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,722	2,049
Net assets of discontinued operations	55,000	55,000
Total current assets	115,732	117,848
Investment and other assets:	0.4.4	4 00=
Notes receivable	914	1,925
Investment in equity securities	12,452	14,471
Goodwill	25,598	25,812
Deferred income taxes	3,811	3,315
Other assets	8,328	8,420
	51,103	53,943
	51,105	55,945
Property and equipment	157,934	157,335
Accumulated depreciation	(72,545)	,
Accountation depresentation	(12,040)	(10,202)
	85,389	87,083
Total assets	\$252,224 ======	\$258,874 ======

ZAPATA CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands)

	December 31, 1994	September 30, 1994
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 2,481	\$ 2,478
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,116	,
Total current liabilities	27,597	29,736
Long-term debt	59,239	59,860
Other liabilities	14,574	14,736
other madificies	14,574	14,730
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred and preference stock	3	2,258
Common stock	7,931	7,930
Capital in excess of par value	137,790	138,293
Reinvested earnings from October 1, 1990	2,127	1,785
Investment in equity securities-unrealized gain,		
net of taxes	2,963	4,276
	150 014	154 542
	150,814	154,542
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$252,224	\$258,874
Total Trabilities and Stockholder's equity	=======	=======

ZAPATA CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended December 31,	
	1994	1993
Revenues	\$45,970 	\$59,539
Expenses: Operating Depreciation, depletion and amortization Selling, general and administrative	39,221 2,877 2,542	53,384 2,414 3,403
	44,640	59,201
Operating income	1,330	338
Other income (expense): Interest income Interest expense Gain on sale of Tidewater common stock Other	353 (1,449) 490	806 (2,518) 33,852 (6,273)
	(606)	25,867
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	724	26,205
Provision for income taxes State Federal	120 211 331	29 9,161 9,190
Income from continuing operations	393	17,015
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		313
Net income	393	17,328
Preferred stock dividends	51	101
Net income to common stockholders	\$342 ======	\$17,227
Per share data: Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$0.01 	\$0.55 0.01
Net income per share	\$0.01 =====	\$0.56 ======
Average common shares and equivalents outstanding	31,785 ======	31,001 =====

ZAPATA CORPORATION DIVISIONAL REVENUES AND OPERATING RESULTS (in thousands)

		Three Months Ended December 31,	
	1994	1993	
Revenues			
Natural gas compression Natural gas gathering and processing Oil and gas	\$18,163 25,031 2,776 \$45,970 ======	43,471 3,437 \$59,539	
Operating income (loss)			
Natural gas compression Natural gas gathering and processing Oil and gas Corporate	410	561 208 (1,418)	

ZAPATA CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	Three Months ended December 31,	
	1994	1993
Cash flow used by operating activities: Continuing operations: Net income from continuing operations		\$ 17,015
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Gain on sale of assets, net Changes in other assets and liabilities	2,877 (457) (7,581)	2,414 (33,852) 12,954
Total adjustments	(5,161)	(18, 484)
Cash flow used by continuing operations		(1,469)
Discontinued operations: Income from discontinued operations Increase in net assets of discontinued operations		313 (3,604)
Cash flow used by discontinued operations		(3,291)
Net cash used by operating activities		(4,760)
Cash flow provided by investing activities: Proceeds from dispositions of investments and other Restricted cash investments Proceeds from notes receivable Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired Capital expenditures	920 (2,277)	80,528 75,083 859 (73,622) (2,981)
Net cash provided by investing activities		79,867
Cash flow used by financing activities: Principal payments of long-term obligations Preferred stock redemption and common stock buyback Dividend payments	(618) (2,758) (1,153)	(68,220) (202)
Net cash used by financing activities		(68,422)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		6,685 16,008
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 22,693

ZAPATA CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Zapata, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to fairly present such information. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Although Zapata believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading, certain information and footnote disclosures, including significant accounting policies, normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. It is suggested that these condensed financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in Zapata's latest annual report on Form 10-K.

On December 8, 1994, Zapata announced that it would redeem the remaining 22,498 outstanding shares of the Company's \$6 Cumulative Preferred Stock (Preferred Stock). The Preferred Stock was redeemed at \$100 a share.

NOTE 2. ACQUISITION

In November 1993, Zapata purchased the natural gas compression business of Energy Industries, Inc. and certain other affiliated companies ("Energy Industries"), as well as certain real estate used by the business ("Energy Industries Acquisition"). The following pro forma information for Zapata for the three months ended December 31, 1993 includes the historical results of Zapata, adjusted for the results of Energy Industries as if the Energy Industries Acquisition had been consummated on October 1, 1993 (unaudited) (in thousands, except per share amounts).

Revenues	\$65,553
Income from continuing operations before taxes	26,503
Income from continuing operations	17,209
Income per share from continuing operations	0.55

The pro forma adjustments to Zapata's results for the three months ended December 31, 1993 to reflect the Energy Industries Acquisition increased revenues by \$6,014,000, as well as income before tax by \$174,000. Additional pro forma adjustments for the first three months of fiscal 1994 included the elimination of \$124,000 of various operating and administrative expenses that were charged to Energy Industries from an affiliate, additional depreciation of \$120,000 and \$41,000 of goodwill amortization, a reduction in net interest expense of \$161,000 related to notes receivable and payable that were not acquired by Zapata and a federal tax provision of \$104,000.

The pro forma amounts presented above may not be indicative of the results that would have actually resulted if the transactions had occurred on the date indicated or which may be obtained in the future.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At December 31, 1994, Zapata's financial condition remains strong. Long-term debt of \$59.2 million compares favorably to working capital of \$88.1 million and stockholders' equity of \$150.8 million. Mandatory principal payments for the next twelve months total \$2.5 million. Zapata currently owns 673,077 shares of common stock of Tidewater Inc., all of which are reserved for possible exchange, at the election of the holder, for \$17.5 million of the Company's 8.5% unsecured exchangeable notes due in 1996.

As of December 31, 1994, Zapata redeemed the remaining 22,498 shares of its outstanding \$6 Cumulative Preferred Stock (Preferred Stock) at \$100 per share. In the first quarter of fiscal 1995, the Company announced that payment of dividends on its Common Stock and \$2 Noncumulative Convertible Preference Stock would be discontinued until further notice.

Net cash used by operating activities for the first quarters of fiscal 1995 and 1994 each totalled \$4.8 million. However, cash provided by investing activities of \$1.2 million during the first quarter of fiscal 1995 was significantly lower than the \$79.9 million provided in the corresponding fiscal 1994 period as a result of the sale of 3.75 million shares of Zapata's Tidewater common stock in November 1993. Reflecting a senior debt prepayment in December 1993, net cash used by financing activities of \$4.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 1995 was substantially lower than the \$68.4 million used in the prioryear period.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

- -----

Zapata reported net income of \$393,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 1995 as compared to net income of \$17.3 million for the same period in fiscal 1994. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$33.8 million pretax gain from the sale of 3.75 million shares of Zapata's Tidewater common stock in the fiscal 1994 period. This gain was partially offset by a \$6.8 million expense associated with the partial prepayment of the Company's senior indebtedness during the first quarter of fiscal 1994. Interest expense was lower in the first quarter of fiscal 1995 as compared to the corresponding 1994 period due primarily to the 1994 senior debt prepayment. The fiscal 1994 results include net income of \$313,000 from the Company's discontinued marine protein operations.

The Company's operating income of \$1.3 million for the first quarter of fiscal 1995 compared favorably to operating income of \$338,000 for the corresponding fiscal 1994 period. The improvement was primarily attributable to Zapata's natural gas compression division that was acquired in November 1993. The benefits of reduced general and administrative expenses associated with the Company's corporate headquarters and the absence of domestic oil and gas operations workover expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 1995 were offset by an operating loss from the Company's natural gas gathering, processing and marketing operations. Revenues for the first quarter of fiscal 1995 totalled \$46.0 million as compared to \$59.5 million for the first quarter of fiscal 1994.

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSION - In November 1993, Zapata purchased Energy Industries,

- -----

Inc. ("Energy Industries") a participant in all segments of the natural gas compression industry. Energy Industries operates one of the ten largest rental fleets of natural gas compressor packages in the United States. Its compressor fleet is located in Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, as well as offshore in the Gulf of Mexico.

Energy Industries primarily supplies natural gas compressor packages in natural gas production and processing applications. In natural gas production applications, natural gas compression is used to increase the flow rate of gas wells with low reservoir pressures. In natural gas processing applications, natural gas compression is used in the process of separating the various $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$ hydrocarbon components of the wellhead natural gas stream. In interstate natural gas pipeline applications, natural gas compression is used to increase the pressure of natural gas from reservoir levels to interstate pipeline standards. Energy Industries maintains an inventory of compressor and engine components to support the fabrication, service and repair of natural gas compressor packages.

The major segments of Energy Industries' natural gas compression revenues and operating results for the three months ended December 31, 1994 and the two months ended December 31, 1993, in thousands, are identified below.

	Revenues		Operating Results	
	1995 	1994	1995	1994
Compressor Rental Fabrication and Sales Parts & Service Other Selling & Administrative	\$ 4,329 6,845 5,384 1,605	\$ 2,914 3,493 4,166 2,058	\$ 1,450 921 1,006 176 (1,630)	\$ 976 334 777 92 (1,192)
	\$18,163 =======	\$12,631 ======	\$ 1,923 ======	\$ 987 =======

Natural gas compressor package rental utilization is affected primarily by the number and age of producing oil and gas wells, the volume of natural gas consumed and natural gas prices. Rental rates are determined primarily by the demand for compressor packages and vary by size and horsepower of a compressor package. Energy Industries' utilization, rental rates and fleet size as of December 31, 1994 and 1993 are compared in the following table.

	December 31, 1994	December 31, 1993
Fleet utilization:		
Horsepower	79.5%	76.8%
Monthly rental rate, based on:	_	
Horsepower	\$ 16.36	\$ 16.83
Fleet size:	_	
Number of units	711	684
Horsepower	113,706	106,139

Although utilization of the Company's compressor packages was higher at December 31, 1994 as compared to that at December 31, 1993, compressor utilization and rental rates have both been negatively impacted during the current fiscal quarter by the effects of low natural gas prices.

In addition to operating a fleet of natural gas compressor packages for rental purposes, Energy Industries designs, fabricates and sells natural gas compressor packages to customer specifications. Energy Industries sells compressor packages to natural gas producers, gatherers and transmission companies which expect the long life of their associated reserves or pipeline to justify the capital cost of acquiring, rather than renting, a natural gas compressor package. Most of Energy Industries' natural gas compressor package sales are for larger, high horsepower packages.

NATURAL GAS GATHERING, PROCESSING AND MARKETING - Zapata's natural gas

gathering, processing and marketing operations are conducted through Cimarron Gas Holding Company and its subsidiaries. Cimarron was acquired early in fiscal 1993 to serve as the vehicle for the Company's expansion into the natural gas services market. As a division of Zapata, Cimarron's operations involve two major categories of business activities: the gathering and processing of natural gas and its constituent products and the marketing and trading of natural gas liquids (NGL's).

Revenues and operating results for the first quarters of fiscal 1995 and 1994 are presented in the following table by major category, in thousands.

	Revenues		Operatir	ng Results
	1995	1994	1995 	1994
Gathering & Processing NGL Marketing Selling & Administrative	\$ 4,305 20,726	. ,	\$ 36 16 (222)	\$ 558 535 (532)
	\$25,031 ======	\$43,471 =======	\$(170) ======	\$ 561

For the first quarter of fiscal 1995, gathering and processing revenues and operating income were lower than the prior-year results as the negative impact of significantly lower natural gas prices more than offset improved processing margins. Marketing revenues and operating income also declined in the 1995 period reflecting the Company's decision to reduce its natural gas trading activities.

Gas gathering is the collection of natural gas from various individual wells, combining it into a single gas stream and delivering it into a major transmission line for transportation to market. A gathering system sometimes includes an associated processing plant for the removal of gas liquids, depending on the content of liquefiable hydrocarbons in the gas streams and the capabilities of transmission lines.

In fiscal 1994 and 1993, Cimarron significantly expanded its natural gas gathering and processing activities through the acquisition and expansion of natural gas gathering systems in West Texas and Oklahoma and a gas processing plant in Sutton County, Texas. A comparison of average daily volumes of gas, measured in millions of cubic feet, gathered and processed during the first quarters of fiscal 1995 and 1994 are shown below.

1995 1994

Gathering 51.3 40.4 Processing 27.2 18.8

OIL AND GAS - Operating income of \$410,000 for the first quarter of fiscal 1995

compared favorably to the fiscal 1994 period's operating income of \$208,000 while revenues declined to \$2.8 million in the 1995 period as compared to \$3.4 million in the prior-year period. The improvement in operating income was due primarily to the absence of workover expenses in fiscal 1995; the fiscal 1994 period included \$400,000 of workover expenses at the Company's Wisdom gas field. The division's results were negatively impacted by the significantly lower natural gas prices in the first quarter of fiscal 1995, as well as reduced receipts from the Bolivian operations (\$700,000 in 1995 compared to \$1.0 million in 1994). Additionally, the Company curtailed production in the Gulf of Mexico during the first quarter of fiscal 1995 as a result of the low gas prices.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits -

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule

(b) No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the quarter for which this report is filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ZAPATA CORPORATION

February 13, 1995 By: /s/ Joseph L. von Rosenberg III

Joseph L. von Rosenberg III Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

February 13, 1995

By: /s/ Lamar C. McIntyre

Lamar C. McIntyre Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary

14

```
3-mos
       SEP-30-1995
0CT-01-1994
            DEC-31-1994
                       6,288
                      0
                30,128
                    0
                  21,594
             157,934
72,545
252,224
7
            115,732
        27,597
                       59,239
                       7,931
             0
                       3
                  142,880
252,224
                      45,970
             45,970
                        39,221
               44,640
(490)
                  0
            1,096
                 724
                   331
             393
                    0
                   0
                          0
                     393
.01
                     .01
```