UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE

Total assets

ACT OF 1934		
For the quarterly period ended March 28, 1998		
OR		
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF ACT OF 1934	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	
For the transition period from to		
Commission File Number 333-17895		
Rayovac Corporation		
(Exact name of registrant as specified in it	s charter)	
Wisconsin	22-2423556	
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)	
601 Rayovac Drive, Madison, Wisconsin		
(Address of principal executive offices) (
(608) 275-3340		
(Registrant's telephone number, including a	area code)	
(Former name, former address and former fisc changed since last report.)	cal year, if	
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1 required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) had filing requirements for the past 90 days.	ties Exchange Act of period that the	
Yes (X) No ()		
The number of shares outstanding of the Registra par value per share, as of May 5, 1998, was 27,432,238.	ant's common stock, \$.01	
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
Item 1. Financial Statements		
Trem 1. Financial Statements		
RAYOVAC CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Balance Shee As of March 28, 1998 and September 30, (In thousands, except per share amour	1997	
-ASSETS-		
	March 28, 1998 	September 30, 1997
	(Unaudited)	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 3,672 69,079 61,254 14,434	\$ 1,133 79,669 58,551 15,027
Total current assets	148,439	154,380
Property, plant and equipment, net Deferred charges and other	66,889 26,075	65,511 16,990

\$241,403

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\$ 236,881

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-LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)-

Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 4,329	\$ 23,880
Accounts payable	50,891	57, 259
Accrued liabilities:	•	,
Wages and benefits and other	28,067	34,812
Recapitalization and other special charges	9,856	4,612
Total current liabilities	93,143	120,563
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	125,148	183,441
Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion	6,738	11,291
Other	4,160	2,181
Total liabilities	229,189	317,476
Shareholders' equity (deficit): Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 150,000 and 90,000 shares respectively; issued 56,873 and 50,000 shares respectively; outstanding 27,432 and 20,581 shares, respectively Additional paid-in capital Foreign currency translation adjustments Notes receivable from officers/shareholders Retained earnings	569 103,155 2,307 (1,361) 36,898	500 15,974 2,270 (1,658) 31,321
	141,568	48,407
Less stock held in trust for deferred compensation		
plan, 160 shares	(962)	(962)
Less treasury stock, at cost, 29,441 and 29,419	()	(==)
shares, respectively	(128,392)	(128,040)
,		
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	12,214	(80,595)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (deficit)	\$241,403	\$ 236,881
	======	========

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

RAYOVAC CORPORATION

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

For the three month and six month periods ended

March 28, 1998 and March 29, 1997

(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	THREE MONTHS		SIX MONTHS		
	1998	1997 	1998	1997	
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 96,081 50,545	\$ 83,632 47,123	\$ 246,076 127,900	\$ 225,554 126,142	
Gross profit	45,536	36,509	118,176	99,412	
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges	28,204 9,102 1,509 5,236	22,592 7,660 1,520 1,754	73,676 17,363 3,034 4,017	61,272 15,264 3,430 4,717	
Total operating expenses	44,051	33,526	98,090	84,683	
Income from operations	1,485	2,983	20,086	14,729	
Other expense (income): Interest expense Other expense (income)	3,291 (126) 3,165	5,472 300 5,772	8,315 (359) 7,956	13,446 314 13,760	
Income (loss) before income taxes and extraordinary item	(1,680)	(2,789)	12,130	969	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(698)	(1,069)	4,578	309	
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	(982)	(1,720)	7,552	660	
Extraordinary item, loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of income tax benefit of \$1,263			1,975		
Net income (loss)	\$ (982) ======	\$ (1,720) ======	\$ 5,577 ======	\$ 660 =====	
Average shares outstanding	27,432	20,485	25,476	20,478	
Basic earnings per share Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.08) 	\$ 0.30 (0.08)	\$ 0.03	
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.04) ======	\$ (0.08) =====	\$ 0.22 ======	\$ 0.03 ======	
Average shares outstanding and common stock equivalents	27,432	20,485	27,006	20,507	
Diluted earnings per share Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.08) 	\$ 0.28 (0.07)	\$ 0.03	
Net income (loss)	\$ (0.04) ======	\$ (0.08) =====	\$ 0.21 ======	\$ 0.03 =====	

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

RAYOVAC CORPORATION
Condensed Consolidated Statements of
Cash Flows For the six month periods ended March 28, 1998 and March 29, 1997
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	1998	1997
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Non-cash adjustments to net income:	\$ 5,577	\$ 660
Amortization Depreciation	1,675 5,811	2,772 5,892
Other non-cash adjustments Net changes in other assets and liabilities,	(3,453)	(330)
net of effects from acquisitions	(5,239)	26,234
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,371	35,228
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,676)	(2,625)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Payment for acquisitions	3,292 (7,508)	
Other		(215)
Net cash used by investing activities	(10,892)	(2,840)
Cash flows from financing activities: Reduction of debt Proceeds from debt financing Proceeds from issuance of common stock	59,859 87,268	
Other	(73)	265
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	9,067	(27,496)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7)	3
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,539	4,895
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,133	4,255
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 3,672 ======	\$ 9,150 ======

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

RAYOVAC CORPORATION

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: These financial statements have been prepared by Rayovac Corporation (the "Company"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and, in the opinion of the Company, include all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company at March 28, 1998, results of operations for the three and six month periods ended March 28, 1998 and March 29, 1997, and cash flows for the six month periods ended March 28, 1998 and March 29, 1997. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations.

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto as of September 30, 1997.

Derivative Financial Instruments: Derivative financial instruments are used by the Company principally in the management of its interest rate, foreign currency and raw material price exposures.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its interest rate risk. The net amounts to be paid or received under interest rate swap agreements designated as hedges are accrued as interest rates change and are recognized over the life of the swap agreements, as an adjustment to interest expense from the underlying debt to which the swap is designated. The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the counter-parties are included in accrued liabilities or accounts receivable. The Company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixes the interest rate on floating rate debt at a rate of 6.16% for a notional principal amount of \$62,500 through October 1999. The fair value of this contract at March 28, 1998 was (\$382).

The Company has entered into an amortizing cross currency interest rate swap agreement related to financing the acquisition of Brisco (as defined herein). The agreement effectively fixes the interest and foreign exchange on floating rate debt denominated in U.S. Dollars at a rate of 5.34% denominated in German Marks. The unamortized notional principal amount at March 28, 1998 is approximately \$4,700. The fair value at March 28, 1998 approximated the contract value.

The Company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts relating to the anticipated settlement in local currencies of intercompany purchases and sales. These contracts generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. dollars. The contracts are marked to market and the related adjustment is recognized in other expense (income). The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the counter-parties are included in accounts payable, or accounts receivable. The Company has approximately \$7,700 of such forward exchange contracts at March 28, 1998. The fair value at March 28, 1998, approximated the contract value.

The Company has also entered into foreign exchange contracts to hedge payment obligations denominated in Japanese Yen under a commitment to purchase certain production equipment from Matsushita. The Company has approximately \$6,700 of such forward exchange contracts outstanding at March 28, 1998. The fair value at March 28, 1998 approximated the contract value.

The Company is exposed to risk from fluctuating prices for commodities used in the manufacturing process. The Company hedges some of this risk through the use of commodity swaps, calls and puts. The Company has entered into commodity swap agreements which effectively fix the floating price on a specified quantity of zinc through a specified date. The Company is buying calls, which allow the Company to purchase a specified quantity of zinc through a specified date for a fixed price, and writing puts, which allow the buyer to sell to the Company a specified quantity of zinc through a specified date at a fixed price. The maturity of, and the quantities covered by, the contracts highly correlate to the Company's anticipated purchases of the commodity. The cost of the calls, and the premiums received from the puts, are amortized over the life of the agreements and are recorded in cost of goods sold, along with the effect of the swap, put and call agreements. At March 28, 1998, the Company had entered into a series of swap agreements with a contract value of approximately \$3,200 for the period from April through December of 1998. At March 28, 1998, the Company had purchased a series of calls with a contract value of approximately \$2,800 for the period from April 1998 through March 1999 designed to set a ceiling and floor price. While these transactions have no carrying value, the fair value of these contracts was approximately (\$600) at March 28, 1998.

2 INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	March 28, 1998	September 30, 1997
Raw material	\$20,450	\$23,291
Work-in-process	16,478	15,286
Finished goods	24,326	19,974
	\$61,254	\$58,551
	======	======

3 EARNINGS PER SHARE DISCLOSURE

Earnings per share is calculated based upon the following:

	Three Months Ended March 28, 1998			Three Months Ended March 29, 1997		
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount
Loss before extraordinary item	(\$982)			(\$1,720)		
Basic EPS Loss available to common shareholders	(\$982)	27,432	(\$0.04) ======	(\$1,720)	20,485	(\$0.08) ======
Diluted EPS Loss available to common shareholders plus assumed conversion	(\$982)	27,432	(\$0.04)	(\$1,720)	20,485	(\$0.08)
	=====	=====	======	=======	=====	======

The effect of unexercised stock options outstanding for the three month periods ending March 28, 1998 and March 29, 1997, were excluded from the diluted EPS calculations as their effect was anti-dilutive. These options may dilute EPS in the future.

	SIX MONTHS Ended March 20, 1990			SIX MONENS Ended March 29, 1991		
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount
Income before extraordinary item	\$7,552			\$660		
Basic EPS Income available to common shareholders	7,552	25,476	\$0.30 =====	660	20,478	\$0.03
Effect of Dilutive Securities Stock Options		1,530 			29	
Diluted EPS Income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversion	\$7,552 =====	27,006 ======	\$0.28 =====	\$660 ====	20,507 ======	\$0.03 =====

Six Months Ended March 29, 1997

Six Months Ended March 28, 1998

4 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has entered into agreements to purchase certain equipment and to pay annual royalties. In a December 1991 agreement, the Company committed to pay annual royalties of \$1.5 million for the first five years, beginning in 1993, plus \$0.5 million for each year thereafter, as long as the related equipment patents are enforceable (2012). In a March 1994 agreement, the Company committed to pay \$0.5 million in 1994 and annual royalties of \$0.5 million for five years beginning in 1995. In a March 1998 agreement which supersedes the previous agreements, the Company committed to pay \$2.0 million in 1998 and 1999, \$3.0 million in 2000 through 2002 and \$0.5 million in each year thereafter, as long as the related equipment patents are enforceable (2022). Additionally, the Company has committed to purchase tooling of \$0.7 million related to this equipment.

The Company has provided for the estimated costs associated with environmental remediation activities at some of its current and former manufacturing sites. In addition, the Company, together with other parties, has been designated a potentially responsible party of various third-party sites on the United States EPA National Priorities List (Superfund). The Company provides for the estimated costs of investigation and remediation of these sites when such losses are probable and the amounts can be reasonably estimated. The actual cost incurred may vary from these estimates due to the inherent uncertainties involved. The Company believes that any additional liability in excess of the amounts provided of \$1.6 million, which may result from resolution of these matters, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, liquidity, or cash flows of the Company.

5 OTHER

During the 1998 Fiscal First Quarter, the Company recorded a pre-tax credit of \$1.2 million related to the buyout of deferred compensation agreements with certain former employees.

On November 28, 1997 the Company acquired Brisco GmbH in Germany and Brisco B.V. in Holland (collectively "Brisco"), a distributor of hearing aid batteries for \$4.9 million. Brisco recorded calendar 1997 sales of \$4.5 million.

In the 1998 Fiscal Second Quarter, the Company recorded special charges and credits including severance, outplacement service, other employee benefits, and asset write-downs related to the following: (i) \$3.7 million for exit of certain manufacturing operations at the Company's Madison,

Wisconsin, and Appleton, Wisconsin, facilities and consolidating domestic battery packaging operations, (ii) \$3.9 million for the closing of the Company's Newton Aycliffe, U.K., packaging facility, phasing out direct distribution in the U.K., and closing one of the Company's German sales offices, and (iii) a \$2.4 million gain on the disposition of the Company's Kinston, North Carolina, previously closed facility.

In the 1998 Fiscal Second Quarter, the Company acquired Direct Power Plus of New York ("DPP"), a full line marketer of rechargeable batteries and accessories for cellular phones and video camcorders for \$4.7 million. DPP recorded sales of \$2.2 million in the 1998 Fiscal Second Quarter.

6 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 30, 1998 the Company acquired the battery distribution portion of Best Labs, St. Petersburg, Florida, a distributor of hearing aid batteries and a manufacturer of hearing instruments for \$2.1 million. The acquired portion of Best Labs had net sales of approximately \$2.6 million in calendar 1997.

On April 3, 1998 the Company announced the filing of a registration statement with the SEC for a secondary offering of 6.5 million shares of common stock. The Company will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares in the offering but will pay expenses for the offering estimated at \$0.8 million. Of the shares being offered, 5.5 million will be offered by Thomas H. Lee Group and its affiliates and 1.0 million by certain Rayovac officers and employees. The registration statement has not yet become effective. These securities may not be sold nor any offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective.

7 GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARY

The following condensed consolidating financial data illustrates the composition of the consolidated financial statements. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company and the Guarantor Subsidiary using the equity method for purposes of the consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are therefore reflected in the Company's and Guarantor Subsidiary's investment accounts and earnings. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries and inter-company balances and transactions. Separate financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiary are not presented because management has determined that such financial statements would not be material to investors.

RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets As of March 28, 1998 (In thousands)

-ASSETS-

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Current ecceta					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 2,148 61,208 48,728 12,462	\$ 46 584 342	\$ 1,478 15,131 12,639 1,630	\$ (7,844) (113) 	\$ 3,672 69,079 61,254 14,434
Total current assets	124,546	972	30,878	(7,957)	148,439
Property, plant and equipment, net Deferred charges and other Investment in subsidiaries	61,530 26,045 14,799	13,969	5,359 4,996 	(4,966) (28,768)	66,889 26,075
Total assets	\$ 226,920 ======	\$ 14,941 ======	\$41,233 ======	\$(41,691) ======	\$241,403 ======
-LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQ	QUITY-				
Current liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued liabilities:	\$ 3,135 43,419	\$ 	\$ 2,175 14,193	\$ (981) (6,721)	\$ 4,329 50,891
Wages and benefits and other Recapitalization and other special charges	24,599 6,478	(88) 	3,547 3,378	9	28,067 9,856
Total current liabilities	77,631	(88)	23,293	(7,693)	93,143
Long-term debt, net of current maturities Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion Other	124,901 6,738 3,742	 230	3,783 - 188	(3,536) 	125,148 6,738 4,160
Total liabilities	213,012	142	27,264	(11,229)	229,189
Shareholders' equity: Common stock Additional paid-in capital Foreign currency translation adjustment Notes receivable from officers/shareholders Retained earnings	569 103,155 2,307 (1,361) 38,592	3,525 2,307 8,967	12,072 750 2,307 (1,160)	(12,072) (4,275) (4,614) (9,501)	569 103,155 2,307 (1,361) 36,898
	143,262	14,799	13,969	(30,462)	141,568
Less stock held in trust for deferred compensation Less treasury stock	(962) (128,392)			- - -	(962) (128,392)
Total shareholders' equity	13,908	14,799	13,969	(30,462)	12,214
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 226,920 ======	\$ 14,941 ======	\$41,233 ======	\$ (41,691) =======	\$241,403 ======

RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the three month period ended March 28, 1998 (In thousands)

	Parent 	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 83,519 45,535	\$ 	\$19,237 11,689	\$(6,675) (6,679)	\$ 96,081 50,545
Gross profit	37,984		7,548	4	45,536
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges	24,277 7,340 1,509 1,274	(245) 	3,927 2,025 3,962	(18) 	28,204 9,102 1,509 5,236
Total operating expenses	34,400	(245)	9,914	(18)	44,051
Income(loss) from operations	3,584	245	(2,366)	22	1,485
Other expense (income): Interest expense Equity in profit of subsidiary Other expense (income)	3,211 1,531 (148)	1,826 6	83 13	(3) (3,357) 3	3,291 (126)
Loss before income taxes and extraordinary item	(1,010)	(1,587)	(2,462)	3,379	(1,680)
Income taxes (benefit)	(6)	(56)	(636) 		(698)
Loss before extraordinary item	(1,004)	(1,531)	(1,826)	3,379	(982)
Extraordinary item					
Net loss	\$ (1,004) ======	\$(1,531) ======	\$(1,826) ======	\$ 3,379 ======	\$ (982) ======

RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations For the six month period ended March 28, 1998 (In thousands)

	Parent 	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$216,426 114,446	\$ 	\$ 44,036 27,849	\$(14,386) (14,395)	\$ 246,076 127,900
Gross profit	101,980		16,187	9	118,176
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges	63,708 13,598 3,034 55	(476) 	9,968 4,277 3,962	(36) 	73,676 17,363 3,034 4,017
Total operating expenses	80,395	(476)	18,207	(36)	98,090
Income(loss) from operations	21,585	476	(2,020)	45	20,086
Other expense (income): Interest expense Equity in profit of subsidiary Other expense (income)	8,075 1,349 (344)	1,687 (4)	240 (11)	(3,036) 	8,315 (359)
Income(loss) before income taxes and extraordinary item	9,080	1,683	229	(3,036)	7,956 12,130
Income taxes (benefit)	4,998	142	(562)		4,578
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	7,507	(1,349)	(1,687)	3,081	7,552
Extraordinary item	1,975				1,975
Net income(loss)	\$ 5,532 ======	\$(1,349) ======	\$ (1,687) ======	\$ 3,081 ======	\$ 5,577 ======

RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows For the six month period ended March 28, 1998 (In thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (3,380)	\$	\$ 3,233	\$ 4,518	\$ 4,371
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equip. Payment for acquisitions	(5,839) 3,292 (2,655)	 	(837) (4,853)	 	(6,676) 3,292 (7,508)
Net cash used by investing activities	(5,202)		(5,690)		(10,892)
Cash flows from financing activities: Reduction of debt Proceeds from debt financing Proceeds from issuance of common stock Other Net cash provided by financing activities	(135,500) 58,193 87,268 136	:: :: :: ::	(2,487) 6,184 (209) 3,488	(4,518) (4,518)	(137,987) 59,859 87,268 (73)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		 	(7)		(7)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,515		1,024		2,539
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	633	46 	454		1,133
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,148 ======	\$46 ===	\$ 1,478 ======	\$ ======	\$ 3,672 ======

Item 2. Managment's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Net Sales. The net sales of the Company increased \$12.5 million, or 15.0% to \$96.1 million in the three months ended March 28, 1998 (the "1998 Fiscal Quarter"), from \$83.6 million in the three months ended March 29, 1997 (the "1997 Fiscal Quarter"). The increase was due primarily to increased sales of alkaline general battery products, specialty battery products, and lighting products somewhat offset by the continued decline in the heavy duty battery market

Alkaline general battery sales in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter exceeded the 1997 Fiscal Quarter by approximately 38%, or \$10.9 million. This increase can be attributed to strong promotional programs, a price increase implemented in the summer of 1997, sales to new customers, and increased volume with existing customers all of which resulted in increased market share for the 1998 Fiscal Quarter.

Within specialty battery products, hearing aid battery sales increased approximately 6% in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter due primarily to growth in the market and the November, 1997 acquisition of Brisco. Also, the Company acquired the retail portion of the business of DPP which recorded \$2.2 million of specialty battery sales during the 1998 Fiscal Quarter.

Lighting product sales increased approximately 11% in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter primarily due to increased promotional emphasis, sales to new customers, and the impact of a major ice storm in Canada.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, net sales were \$246.1 million, an increase of \$20.5 million, or 9.1%, from \$225.6 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997. Increased sales of alkaline batteries, hearing aid batteries, and specialty batteries were somewhat offset by the continuing decline in the domestic market for heavy duty batteries.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased \$9.0 million, or 24.7%, to \$45.5 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter, from \$36.5 million in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter, primarily as a result of increased sales of higher margin alkaline batteries and decreased sales of lower margin heavy duty batteries. Gross profit margins increased to 47.3% in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from 43.7% in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter due primarily to the change in the sales mix toward alkaline and away from heavy duty batteries, the alkaline price increase implemented in the summer of 1997, and alkaline manufacturing cost improvements.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, gross profit increased 18.9%, or \$18.8 million to \$118.2 million from \$99.4 million in the six months ended March 29, 1997 due primarily to increased sales of alkaline general battery products. This also favorably impacted gross margins increasing to 48.0% for the six months from 44.1% for the six months ended March 29, 1997. Gross profit margins were also favorably impacted by the alkaline cost improvements and price increase mentioned above.

Selling Expense. Selling expense increased \$5.6 million, or 24.8% to \$28.2 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from \$22.6 million in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter. The increase in dollars and as a percent of sales is due primarily to increased advertising and promotional spending to generate the increased alkaline battery sales. Selling expense as a percent of net sales increased to 29.3% in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from 27.0% in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter. In addition, selling expense was low during the 1997 Fiscal Quarter while a new advertising agency and promotional strategies were under review.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, selling expense increased \$12.4 million, or 20.2%, to \$73.7 million from \$61.3 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997. As a percentage of net sales selling expense increased to 29.9% from 27.2% due primarily to increased advertising and promotional expense.

General and Administrative Expense.General and administrative expense increased \$1.4 million, or 18.2%, to \$9.1 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from \$7.7 million in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter primarily as a result of higher costs associated with information system improvements worldwide and increased expenses associated with being a publicly held company.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, general and administrative expense increased \$2.1 million, or 13.7%, to \$17.4 million from \$15.3 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997 due primarily to increased information systems expense.

Research and Development Expense. Research and development expense was \$1.5 million for the 1998 Fiscal Quarter, approximately equal to the 1997 Fiscal Quarter. For the six months ended March 28, 1998, research and development expense decreased \$0.4 million to \$3.0 million from \$3.4 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997.

Other Special Charges. In the 1998 Fiscal Quarter, the Company recorded net charges of \$5.2 million including (i) a \$1.7 million charge associated with consolidating domestic battery packaging operations and outsourcing the manufacture of heavy duty batteries, (ii) a \$2.0 million charge associated with closing the Company's Appleton, WI, manufacturing plant and consolidating it into its Portage, WI, manufacturing plant, (iii) a \$3.9 million charge associated with closing the Company's Newton Aycliffe, U.K., facility, phasing out direct distribution in the U.K. and closing one of the Company's German sales offices, and (iv) a \$2.4 million gain on the sale of the Company's previously closed Kinston, North Carolina facility. The Company expects to record an additional \$2.0 million of costs in subsequent periods related to these restructuring and cost rationalization initiatives. In the 1997 Fiscal Quarter, the Company recorded charges of \$1.8 million in connection with the closing of its Kinston, North Carolina, facility.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, the Company recorded net charges of \$4.0 million. This includes the \$5.2 million charge recorded in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter offset by income of \$1.2 million in connection with the buy-out of deferred compensation agreements with certain former employees. For the six months ended March 29, 1997, the Company recorded charges of \$4.7 million for organizational restructuring in the U.S., the discontinuation of certain manufacturing operations in the U.K., and the closing of its Kinston, North Carolina, facility.

Income From Operations. Income from operations decreased \$1.5 million to \$1.5 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from \$3.0 million in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter. The increased special charges in 1998 over 1997 more than offset the increased income generated by the sales and gross profit improvements. Income from operations before special charges increased \$1.9 million, or 39.6%, to \$6.7 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from \$4.8 million for the 1997 Fiscal Quarter.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, income from operations increased 36.7%, or \$5.4 million to \$20.1 million from \$14.7 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997. This increase is due primarily to increased sales and gross profit offset by increased selling and general and administrative expense. Income from operations before special charges increased \$4.7 million, or 24.2%, to \$24.1 million for the six months ended March 28, 1998 from \$19.4 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased \$2.2 million, or 40%, to \$3.3 million in the 1998 Fiscal Quarter from \$5.5 million in the 1997 Fiscal Quarter. This decrease is primarily as a result of decreased indebtedness due to the application of proceeds of the Company's initial public offering of common stock completed in November 1997 (the "IPO"). For the six months ended March 28, 1998, interest expense decreased \$5.1 million, or 38.1%, to \$8.3 million from \$13.4 million in the six months ended March 29, 1997. In addition to the effects of the IPO on 1998, the 1997 interest expense included a \$2.0 million write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs.

Other Expense (Income). Other expense (income) for the 1998 Fiscal Quarter includes \$(0.1) million of interest income and foreign exchange gain. The 1997 Fiscal Quarter included \$0.3 million of net expense attributed to foreign exchange losses somewhat offset by interest income. For the six months ended March 28, 1998, interest income and foreign exchange gain totaled \$(0.4) million compared to \$0.3 million net expense in the six months ended March 29, 1997 attributed to foreign exchange losses partially offset by interest income.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). The Company's effective tax rate for the 1998 Fiscal Quarter was (41.5)% compared to (38.3)% for the 1997 Fiscal Quarter primarily due to the benefit of the Company's Foreign Sales Corporation ("FSC") impacting the 1998 rate more than the 1997 rate. For the six months ended March 28, 1998, the Company's effective tax rate was 37.7% compared to 31.9% for the six months ended March 29, 1997. The more favorable tax rate in 1997 is due primarily to the FSC benefiting 1997 more than 1998.

Extraordinary Item. In the six months ended March 28, 1998, the Company recorded extraordinary expense of \$2.0 million net of income taxes for the premium payment on the redemption of a portion of the Company's Senior Subordinated Notes.

Net Income (Loss). Net income (loss) for the 1998 Fiscal Quarter was (1.0) million, a 0.7 million improvement from (1.7) million for the 1997 Fiscal Quarter.

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, net income was \$5.6 million after the \$2.0 million extraordinary item compared to \$0.7 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the six months ended March 28, 1998, net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$30.8 million to \$4.4 million from \$35.2 million for the six months ended March 29, 1997. The decrease was due primarily to inventory levels increasing this year to support the growth in the business where as last year a significant reduction in excess inventory was experienced.

Capital expenditures for the six months ended March 28, 1998 were \$6.7 million, an increase of \$4.1 million from \$2.6 million in the six months ended March 29, 1997. This increase reflects continued spending on the implementation of new computer systems in fiscal 1998 and the down payment on a new alkaline production line for one of the manufacturing facilities. The Company currently expects capital spending for fiscal 1998 to be approximately \$18.0 million due to alkaline capacity expansion and the continued implementation of the new SAP computer system.

The SAP system is also expected to substantially address the Year 2000 issue. The Company has established an internal project team to identify, correct, and test the remaining systems for Year 2000 compliance. The Company expects to incur internal staff costs as well as consulting and other expenses. Management currently estimates completion of Year 2000 compliance in mid-1999 at an estimated cost of \$1.0 million in addition to the SAP system implementation. The Company presently believes that the Year 2000 issue will not pose significant operational problems for the Company's computer systems after modifications to existing software and the conversion to new software. However, there can be no assurance that unforeseen difficulties will not arise for any of the Company, its customers or vendors and that related costs will not thereby be incurred.

In March 1998, the Company sold its Kinston, North Carolina, facility for approximately \$3.3 million. The Company also acquired DPP for \$4.7 million plus incentive payments over four years which are anticipated to total approximately \$2.7 million. The initial \$4.7 million includes \$3.2 million cash (of which \$0.5 million is to be paid in cash after a specified time period for resolution of acquisition related claims), and \$1.5 million of assumed bankers acceptances.

In November 1997, the Company acquired Brisco for approximately \$4.9 million. Brisco packages and distributes hearing aid batteries in customized packaging to hearing health care professionals.

The Company believes that cash flow from operating activities and periodic borrowings under its existing credit facilities will be adequate to meet the Company's short-term and long-term liquidity requirements prior to maturity of those credit facilities, although no assurance can be given in this regard. The Company's current credit facilities include a revolving credit facility of \$90.0 million of which \$56.1 million was outstanding at March 28, 1998, with approximately \$5.8 million utilized for outstanding letters of credit and an acquisition facility of \$70.0 million of which \$4.2 million was outstanding at March 28, 1998.

Subsequent Events

On March 30, 1998 the Company acquired the battery distribution portion of Best Labs, St. Petersburg, Florida, a distributor of hearing aid batteries and a manufacturer of

hearing instruments. The acquired portion of Best Labs had net sales of approximately \$2.6 million in calendar 1997.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 1998, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 132, Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits ("FAS No. 132"), which standardizes the disclosure requirements for pensions and other postretirement benefits to the extent practicable. FAS No. 132 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1997. Restatement of disclosures for earlier periods provided for comparative purposes is required unless the information is not readily available. The Company is evaluating the effect of this pronouncement on its consolidated financial statements.

Part II. Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit Description

- 3.1* Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company
- 3.2* Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company
- 4.1** Indenture, dated as of October 22, 1996, by and among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and Marine Midland Bank, as trustee, relating to the Company's 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006.
- 4.2** Specimen of the Notes (included as an exhibit to Exhibit 4.1).
- 4.3++ Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 30, 1997, among the Company, the lenders party thereto and Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association ("BofA"), as Administrative Agent.
- 4.4** The Security Agreement dated as of September 12, 1996 by and among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and BofA.
- 4.5** The Company Pledge Agreement dated as of September 12, 1996 by and between the Company and BofA.
- 4.6*** Shareholders Agreement dated as of September 12, 1996 by and among the Company and the shareholders of the Company referred to therein.
- 4.7*** Amendment to Rayovac Shareholders Agreement dated August 1, 1997 by and among the Company and the shareholders of the Company referred to

- 4.8+ Specimen certificate representing the Common Stock.
- 10.1** Management Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and between the Company and Thomas H. Lee Company.
- 10.2** Confidentially, Non-Competition and No-Hire Agreement dated as of September 12, 1996 by and between the Company and Thomas F. Pyle.
- 10.3** Employment Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and between the Company and David A. Jones, including the Full Recourse Promissory Note, dated September 12, 1996 by David A. Jones in favor of the Company.
- 10.4** Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Trygve Lonnebotn.
- 10.5** Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Kent J. Hussey.
- 10.6** Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Roger F. Warren
- 10.7*** Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Stephen P. Shanesy
- 10.8*** Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Merrell M. Tomlin
- 10.9** Technology, License and Service Agreement between Battery Technologies (International) Limited and the Company, dated June 1, 1991, as amended April 19, 1993 and December 31, 1995.
- 10.10** Building Lease between the Company and SPG Partners, dated May 14, 1985, as amended June 24, 1986 and June 10, 1987.
- 10.11*** Rayovac Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan.
- 10.12*** Rayovac Corporation 1997 Stock Option Plan
- 10.13+ 1997 Rayovac Incentive Plan.
- 10.14+ Rayovac Profit Sharing and Savings Plan.
- 10.15 Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement dated as March 5, 1998 by and among the Company, Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd. and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.
- 27 Financial Data Schedule

* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1997 filed with the Commission on December 23, 1997.

- ** Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-17895) filed with the Commission.
- *** Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 1997 filed with the Commission on August 13, 1997.
- + Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-35181) filed with the Commission.
- ++ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-49281) filed with the Commission.
 - (b) Reports on Form 8-K. The Company did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the 1998 Fiscal Quarter.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: May 5, 1998

RAYOVAC CORPORATION

By: /s/ Randall J. Steward

Randall J. Steward Senior Vice President of Finance and Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ James A. Broderick

James A. Broderick Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

TECHNICAL COLLABORATION, SALE AND SUPPLY AGREEMENT

This Agreement is entered into by and between Rayovac Corporation ("Rayovac"), a Wisconsin corporation with its principal place of business at 601 Rayovac Drive, Madison, Wisconsin, U.S.A., Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd. ("Matsushita"), a Japanese corporation with its principal place of business in Osaka, Japan, and, for the purposes of Articles III, IV and XV only, Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. ("MEI"), a Japanese corporation with its principal place of business in Osaka, Japan.

Background

Rayovac and Matsushita are parties to the Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement of November 26, 1991 ("1991 Agreement"), with respect to LR20, LR14 and LR6 primary alkaline manganese dry batteries and the LR03 Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement of March 16, 1994 ("1994 Agreement"), with respect to LR03 primary alkaline manganese dry batteries.

It is mutually acknowledged and understood by Rayovac and Matsushita that any cooperation between the parties, including entering into the 1991 Agreement, the 1994 Agreement and this Agreement, have been and will be based on a mutual trust and good working relationship which are established so far and presently owned by the parties.

Rayovac desires to manufacture primary alkaline manganese dry batteries in sizes LR20, LR14, LR6 and LR03 and to continuously obtain further technical information and assistance therefor specified herein from Matsushita.

Matsushita has developed such batteries having no mercury in their formulation and having desirable electrical performance characteristics and has developed machinery suitable for manufacturing such batteries.

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Matsushita is willing to furnish or make available to Rayovac such technical information and assistance and to sell such machinery, and Rayovac desires to obtain such technical information and assistance and to buy such machinery.

Now therefore, the parties agree:

Undertakings

ARTICLE I Definitions

Equipment

New Equipment shall mean a new line of equipment for production of LR6 alkaline batteries. The New Equipment shall consist of the items set forth on Schedule A attached hereto. Specifications for the LR6 batteries to be produced by the New Equipment are set forth on Exhibit A attached hereto.

Retooling Equipment shall mean Rayovac's existing LR6 equipment supplied before by Matsushita and retooled with parts for retooling, which will make the existing LR6 equipment capable of producing LR6 batteries which satisfy the specified conditions of "Retooling Equipment."

Retooling Parts shall mean the parts necessary to change Rayovac's existing LR6 equipment to the Retooling Equipment and which are selected from the items set forth on Schedule B attached hereto.

Old Equipment shall mean the combination of the Equipment defined in a 1991 Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement and the Equipment defined in a 1994 Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement.

Total Equipment shall mean the combination of New Equipment, Retooling Equipment, and Old Equipment.

2. Contract Batteries

"Contract Batteries" shall mean the 0 mercury formula, primary dry batteries in sizes LR20, LR14, LR6 and LR03 embodying Matsushita's design, Matsushita's Technical Know-How (as defined in Article I.3), and MEI's Patents (as defined in Article I.4), with cylindrical zinc manganese-dioxide elements, and with alkaline electrolyte in production on the Date hereof at Matsushita's manufacturing facility in Osaka, including any improvements to such batteries made during the first five years of this Agreement.

3. Technical Know-How

"Technical Know-How" shall mean know-how in any form whatsoever other than patents or patent applications or other know-how for which MEI intends to file a patent application, which Matsushita possesses or will possess during the first five years of this Agreement, and which concerns or will concern the design, testing, manufacture and quality control of Contract Batteries and the processes or equipment for manufacturing Contract Batteries.

4. Patents

"Patents" shall mean all patents and patent applications which MEI owns or controls or which it will own or control during the first five years of this agreement, in any country excluding Japan, and which are or will be used or useful in the manufacture of the Contract Batteries or in the processes and equipment for manufacture of the Contract Batteries in the Manufacturing Territory.

5. Improvements

7.

"Improvements" shall mean all improvements, modifications or variations, other that those that are patented or for which a patent application has been or will be filed (but only for the pendency of such an application), in or to the manufacture of Contract Batteries, or relating to the design, construction, or operation thereof, made or acquired by Matsushita or Rayovac by using Technical Know-How or Patents during the first five years of this Agreement.

6. Intellectual Property

"Intellectual Property" shall mean all of the Technical Know-How, Patents and Improvements.

Manufacturing Territory

"Manufacturing Territory" shall mean the United States (including its possessions and territories), Canada and Mexico.

8. Sales Territory

"Sales Territory" shall mean all of the world excluding Japan.

9. Direct Variable Cost

The Direct Variable Cost of a product shall mean the entire production cost of a product, excluding those elements of cost that do not vary with the quantity of production. By way of example, costs such as depreciation, rent, management costs, and property tax do not vary with the quantity of production.

ARTICLE II Purchase and Sale of Equipment

- 1. Rayovac will buy from Matsushita and Matsushita will manufacture and sell the New Equipment and Retooling Parts to Rayovac, subject to the other terms and conditions of this Agreement. Upon execution of this Agreement, Rayovac will promptly deliver to Matsushita a purchase order for the New Equipment. In the event of any conflict between such purchase order and this Agreement, this Agreement shall govern.
- 2. If, at any time during the first five years following the date of this Agreement, Rayovac wishes to purchase a new line of equipment equal to the most advanced equipment for production of LR20, LR14, LR6 or LR03 alkaline batteries then in operation at Matsushita's manufacturing facility in Osaka, Matsushita agrees to sell such a new line to Rayovac. The price for each new line of equipment shall be the price charged for the most recent purchase by Rayovac of equipment of the same battery size, except that the price shall be adjusted for changes in the scope of the project, changes in the equipment, and changes in general economic conditions. Rayovac will send to Matsushita a written request

specifying types of a new line of equipment requested and its requested delivery date. Matsushita agrees, within thirty (30) days from receiving such request, to begin to discuss with Rayovac in good faith the terms and conditions of a separate sales and supply agreement, which shall be comparable to those contained in this Agreement or in similar agreements entered into in 1991 and 1994. Any such new lines of equipment must be ordered within five years from the date of this Agreement. There shall be no increase in royalty if Rayovac orders new lines of equipment.

ARTICLE III

Grant of License, Limitation on Equipment Resale and Reproduction, Security Interest, and Change of Control of Rayovac

Grant of License

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, Matsushita hereby grants to Rayovac a non-exclusive license of the Intellectual Property other than the Patents and MEI hereby grants to Rayovac a non-exclusive license of the Patents in each case to make and use Contract Batteries in the Manufacturing Territory from the effective date of this Agreement until the end of the term of this Agreement. Matsushita and MEI further grant a non-exclusive license under the Intellectual Property to sell Contract Batteries throughout the Sales Territory for the full term of this Agreement.

The license and rights granted hereby are non-transferable and non-assignable and Rayovac shall have no right to sublicense the rights granted hereby except as provided in Article XXI. If Rayovac requests MEI to grant Rayovac a non-exclusive license of the Patents to make, have made for Rayovac's sole use, and use any component of the Contract Batteries in Manufacturing Territory from the effective date of this Agreement until the end of the term of this Agreement, MEI agrees to discuss the matter.

- 2. Limitation on Equipment Resale and Reproduction; Security Interest
 - a. During the term of this Agreement, the Total Equipment shall be for Rayovac's sole use for the manufacture of Contract Batteries and Rayovac shall not resell or otherwise dispose of the Total Equipment to any person except as part of the sale of all or substantially all the assets of Rayovac; provided that for a period of five years after acceptance of the Total Equipment, Rayovac shall not resell or otherwise dispose of the Total Equipment to any manufacturer of batteries whose U.S. market share exceeded 15% in any of the five years prior to the proposed sale (a "Major U.S. Manufacturer") even as part of the sale of all or substantially all the assets of Rayovac.
 - b. Rayovac shall not copy or reproduce the Total Equipment; provided, however, that Rayovac may reproduce any portion of the Total Equipment, solely for its own use in the Manufacturing Territory at any time after the fifth anniversary of the date of final acceptance of such portion of the Total Equipment; provided, further, that Rayovac shall first inform to Matsushita the intention to reproduce the Total Equipment prior to reproducing. It is understood that reproduction, if necessary, will be basically carried out by Rayovac itself or, if agreed, by

Matsushita. Matsushita shall have the right of first refusal to supply parts and materials necessary for the reproduction. If Rayovac wishes to use the third party for this reproduction, Rayovac shall consult the same with Matsushita prior to using such third party. If Rayovac actually uses the third party for the reproduction, Rayovac shall require the third party to enter into a contract in which the third party maintain information about the equipment in strict confidence and agree to reproduce the equipment for only Rayovac.

c. Notwithstanding any other portion of this Agreement, Rayovac may grant a security interest in or otherwise pledge as collateral the Total Equipment to secure any indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by Rayovac at any time now or in the future and the lender or lenders with respect to such indebtedness shall have any and all rights available pursuant to the agreements governing such pledge or security interest or pursuant to the provisions of applicable law; provided that no such pledge or security interest (other than a pledge of or security interest in Rayovac's intangible rights pursuant to this Agreement in and to the Total Equipment) may be perfected until Matsushita receives payment in full for the Total Equipment and related services and Rayovac gives prompt notice to Matsushita of the name of any lender with a security interest in the Total Equipment. None of the aforesaid restrictions on use, copying or reproduction shall preclude Rayovac from repairing Total Equipment, manufacturing or obtaining spare or replacement parts necessary for the continuing operation of Total Equipment, or otherwise making engineering improvements thereto to increase operating efficiency or throughput.

Change of Control

3.

If a Change of Control becomes a significant possibility, and if the Change of Control would result in Rayovac being controlled by a Major Battery Manufacturer (a Major Battery Manufacturer being defined to be any manufacturer of batteries whose market share of alkaline manganese batteries either in U.S., Europe, Japan, Indonesia, Korea, or Hong Kong exceed 15% in any of the five years prior to the proposed Change of Control), or by Controlling Party (Controlling Party being defined to be any one who owns or controls such "Major Battery Manufacturer" including parent company of the "Major Battery Manufacturer"), then, before a legally binding agreement intended to cause the Change of Control is entered into, Rayovac shall notify Matsushita of the proposed transaction. Within a period of thirty (30) days as from the receipt of the notice, Matsushita and Rayovac will mutually discuss to find a solution and if a solution can not be reached within such thirty (30) days period and Change of Control to a Major Battery Manufacturer or to Controlling Party has actually occurred, Matsushita shall have a right to immediately terminate this Agreement. Change of Control shall mean any transaction or series of transactions which would result in a party (or group of related parties) either (i) contolling directly or indirectly more than 50% of the stock entitled to vote for members of the Rayovac Board of Directors following completion of the transaction(s) or (ii) owning substantially all of Rayovac's assets. In the event of a Change of Control to a Major Battery Manufacturer, or to a Controlling Party, Matsushita's obligations under this Agreement to provide 1) Improvements, 2) Patents license, 3) Total Equipment Meeting, and 4) chance to purchase of new equipment shall cease.

ARTICLE IV

Signing Fee, Purchase Price, Royalty and Terms of Payment

1. Signing Fee

In consideration for entering into this Agreement, Rayovac will pay \$2,000,000 to MEI within 30 days of the Date hereof.

2. Price

a. New Equipment. The price for New Equipment, technical documents, spare parts, F.O.B., Osaka, Japan, and for related services shall be:

New Equipment	(Y) 974,453,000
Technical Documentation	13,000,000
Spare Parts	none
Dispatch Trainers (Art. X)	21,600,000
Rayovac Trainee Fee (Art. VI)	9,000,000
Total	(Y)1.018.053.000

Event	Anticipated Approx. Date	% of Price Payable
Date hereof		20%
Shipment of the New Equipment	May 7, 1999	50%
New Equipment Performance		
Verified (Art. XI.4.b.)		20%
Product Quality Verified;		
New Equipment Accepted		
(Art. XI.4.b. last sentence)		10%
Total		100%

Payments occasioned by shipment of New Equipment will be made only against presentation of satisfactory transport documents, such as clean, on board bills of lading.

Rayovac shall cause Bank of America, or another bank of Rayovac's choice, to issue an irrevocable standby letter of credit to the benefit of CITD (defined in Article IV.4 hereof) for the amounts of no less than JP(Y)814,442,400 by no later than fifteen (15) days prior to the Promised Ship Date, defined in Article IX hereof, such letter of credit to be effective until the earlier of (a) CITD's receipt in full of all amounts payable by Rayovac for the total equipment price of JP(Y)1,018,053,000 as set forth in this Article IV.2.a. hereof, or (b) the 31st day of December, 1999 (such irrevocable standby letter of credit, the "L.C."). The cost of issuing the L.C. shall be borne by Rayovac.

In the event CITD does not receive any amounts receivable from Rayovac as they become due pursuant to Article IV.2.a. hereof, CITD shall be entitled to immediately collect any such amounts in full from the issuer of the L.C. upon CITD's request (which may be made through a bank of CITD's choosing) in writing, and such written request by CITD shall be sufficient evidence to effect CITD's collection of amounts overdue from the L.C.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, CITD shall be entitled to collect from the L.C. if and when (a) Rayovac fails to complete performance verification tests on the New Equipment as set forth in Article XI.4.b. within nine (9) weeks after CITD's delivery of the New Equipment to Rayovac pursuant to Article IX hereof, in which event CITD shall be entitled to collect from the L.C. an amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the total price of the New Equipment, and (b) Rayovac fails to complete all tests necessary for the final acceptance of the New Equipment as set forth in Article XI.4.b., by October 31, 1999, in which event CITD shall be entitled to collect from the L.C. an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the total price of the New Equipment. These remedies are in addition to, not in lieu of, any remedies available to CITD or Matsushita under law or this Agreement for the non-payment or late-payment of any amounts payable by Rayovac to CITD or Matsushita.

b. Retooling Parts. Rayovac shall issue its purchase order for Retooling Parts to Matsushita by June 1, 1999. The purchase order may be for any number of any of the items shown on Schedule B attached hereto, and the unit prices for the items shall be those shown on Schedule B. Matsushita shall ship the Retooling Parts no later than December 31, 1999. Payment terms shall be separately agreed between the parties hereto prior to Rayovac's issuing purchase order therefor. Matsushita agrees to send trainers to Rayovac facility at times to be mutually determined at a price of (Y)60,000/ man day plus travel and living expenses. The dispatching time, period and numbers of such trainers shall be mutually agreed upon between Matsushita and Rayovac prior to the dispatch. During that period, an acceptance test shall be carried out with the installed Retooling Equipment, based on conditions specified in Article XI.7 hereof.

3. Royalty.

In consideration for the license to practice the Patents and use the Technical Know-How, Rayovac will pay MEI a Royalty of:

Payment	Date	Payment Amount
July 1, July 1, July 1, July 1, July 1,	1999 2000 2001	\$2,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$3,000,000 \$3,000,000 \$3,000,000

In addition, Rayovac will pay MEI a Royalty of \$500,000 on July 1, 2003 and on each subsequent anniversary thereof until on July 1, 2022 (inclusive) for as long as Rayovac practices any Patent; provided, however, that no such payment shall be required after July 1, 2022.

The royalty payments to MEI hereunder shall include payments for the Intellectual Property, and Rayovac shall have no obligation to pay any additional royalty to Matsushita for the Intellectual Property.

4. Other.

The sale and delivery of the New Equipment, Retooling Parts and spare parts related thereto under this Agreement shall be carried out by Matsushita through the Corporate International Trade Division of MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL Co., LTD., located at Panasonic Building, 3-2 Minamisemba 4-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka 540-8588 Japan ("CITD"). Rayovac's purchase orders for New Equipment, Retooling Parts and spare parts related thereto, shall be issued to Matsushita through CITD.

All payments by Rayovac under this Agreement other than the signing fee and the royalty payments shall be made in Japanese Yen to CITD's account at the following bank by telegraphic transfer:

Sumitomo Bank Ltd. Head Office, Osaka, Japan Account #271905 Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. -Overseas Accounting Center

When remittances to CITD are made by Rayovac, Rayovac shall specify the transaction that corresponds to such payment.

For the purposes of this Agreement, MEI and CITD shall be construed as being independent parties.

The signing fee and all royalty payments by Rayovac under this Agreement shall be made in U.S. Dollars to MEI's account at the following bank by telegraphic transfer:

Sumitomo Bank Ltd. Head Office, Osaka, Japan Account #271891 Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

ARTICLE V Technical Information and Disclosure

Matsushita will supply to Rayovac in English texts the Technical Information and documents enumerated on the List of Technical Documents (attached hereto) and such information necessary for the commercial manufacture of LR6 Contract Batteries and in content, form, and detail to be understood by a U.S. engineer of average skill and training in the art of battery manufacturing.

Matsushita will air mail to Rayovac the following documents in English texts not later than 30 days after receipt by Matsushita of the initial purchase price installment pursuant to Article IV hereof:

Raw Material Specifications Component Part Specifications Process Flow Charts Equipment Layout Detail Storage Specifications

All other documents will be sent in English texts by airmail within 30 days after the date of shipment of the New Equipment relating thereto from Japan.

ARTICLE VI Training Assistance

Upon the request of Rayovac made from time to time during the term of this Agreement, Matsushita will train a reasonable number of Rayovac engineers or technicians at Matsushita's works, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Number of engineers or technicians. Rayovac shall give Matsushita 30 days notice before dispatching engineers or technicians to Matsushita's works stating the time of their arrival at such works, the period of their stay at such works, their names and background experiences. Matsushita shall promptly advise Rayovac whether the request is convenient and acceptable and if not, shall propose alternative arrangements. Such training shall be completed by shipping date of New Equipment by Matsushita and the amount of such training shall be limited to a total of 3 man-months of Rayovac engineering time, which time may be allocated among several employees as Rayovac deems appropriate.
- 2. Scope of Training. Matsushita will train Rayovac's engineers or technicians to acquire sufficient knowledge, experience, and skill in manufacturing, inspecting, and testing techniques to produce commercially acceptable Contract Batteries and to operate and maintain the New Equipment efficiently. Such training will include the opportunity to discuss the use and development history of the product.
- 3. Expenses. Rayovac shall pay to Matsushita the training fee set forth in paragraph 2 of Article IV hereof. In addition, Rayovac shall pay all traveling expenses for Rayovac's engineers or technicians, their living expenses during the stay in Japan, and all other out of pocket expenses to be incurred in connection with the above training except the salaries of Matsushita's employees.

ARTICLE VII Pilot Line

Matsushita will sell to Rayovac the tools, dies, and equipment necessary for the pilot manufacture of up to 500 cells per 8 hour shift. Rayovac shall designate which items it wishes to purchase. Matsushita will deliver all items so purchased within a reasonable time of notice from Rayovac and at prices equal to Matsushita's cost, plus a reasonable handling charge.

ARTICLE VIII Assistance in Qualifying Rayovac's Suppliers

In order to facilitate Rayovac's evaluation and qualification of U.S. sources of other parts and materials, Matsushita will within 30 days of the Date hereof:

- disclose names of its raw materials suppliers; disclose names of its component suppliers;
- b.
- supply parts drawings containing English texts to manufacture С. components; and
- disclose productivity, quality, and scrap data resulting from previous 6 months of operation on Matsushita's line in Japan. d.

ARTICLE IX Shipment

Matsushita will cause the New Equipment to be ready for shipment through CITD at a Japanese port by May 7, 1999 (the Promised Ship Date) provided, however, that if the embodiment of Improvements pursuant to paragraph 1 of Article XV hereof shall have required a redesign of the New Equipment after the Date hereof, then the date for delivery shall be deferred by the amount of time necessary to embody such changes in the New Equipment.

The aforementioned delivery of the New Equipment, Retooling Parts and spare parts related thereto to Rayovac shall be made on the delivery term F.O.B. Japan as defined in Incoterms 1990. Risk of loss of the New Equipment shall pass to Rayovac upon delivery to Rayovac, but title and ownership for the New Equipment shall remain with Matsushita until Matsushita receives payment therefor in full.

CITD shall arrange for the transportation of the New Equipment to Rayovac's manufacturing facilities in Fennimore, Wisconsin, such transportation to be effected at Rayovac's cost and risk.

ARTICLE X Installation

By three (3) months after the Date hereof, Matsushita will deliver to Rayovac an Installation Specification that describes in detail a reasonable manner in which the site is to be prepared for installation and operation of the New Equipment. Rayovac will prepare the site in Rayovac's Fennimore, Wisconsin, plant, for the installation of the New Equipment with suitable electrical power, foundation, lighting, heating, etc. materially in accordance with the Installation Specification. Rayovac shall notify Matsushita when it has completed preparation of the site. Matsushita shall inspect the site and shall give Rayovac a certificate of completion when it determines that Rayovac has prepared the site in accordance with the Installation Specification. Matsushita shall be responsible for supervising the installation of the New Equipment. During installation, Matsushita shall give Rayovac technical advice and guidance in setting up the plant, in operating the New Equipment, and in training Rayovac's engineers and technicians to manufacture, inspect, and test LR6 Contract Batteries. Matsushita shall furnish sufficient parts, components, and materials to operate the New Equipment for installation testing and for performing the Acceptance Test provided in Article XI. Rayovac will reimburse Matsushita for its cost of such parts, materials, and components to the extent that the batteries produced are commercially salable or meet the product specifications for acceptance set forth on Exhibit A.

ARTICLE XI Acceptance Test

- The Acceptance Test in Section 4 below for the New Equipment shall be carried out at Rayovac's factory in the presence of Matsushita's engineers at a mutually agreeable time after completion of installation and settlement of mass-production conditions through a test-run of the New Equipment.
- The Acceptance Test shall be carried out by Rayovac and Matsushita under the instruction of Matsushita's engineers.
- All the materials and machine facilities to be used for the Acceptance Test shall be those supplied or approved by Matsushita.
- 4. Rayovac shall be required to accept the New Equipment when the following has been attained:
 - a. No defects in material or workmanship shall appear on sight inspection of the batteries produced, provided that the tests shall have been conducted in an atmosphere having a relative humidity of less than 65%.
 - b. The line shall have demonstrated a capacity to produce at least 600 LR6 Contract Batteries per minute. The line shall have produced 93,600 LR6 Contract Batteries in a period of 4 consecutive hours in at least 3 days out of any period of 5 consecutive days. Each cell and labeling line shall experience a cumulative scrap rate of no more than 2.5%. (Electrical scrap rate shall be measured after a 7 day aging period.) Matsushita shall use its best efforts to help Rayovac lower the scrap rate during the technical support period described in Article XII, and thereafter shall cooperate to assist Rayovac in achieving scrap rates similar to those achieved at Matsushita's Osaka plant. The LR6 Contract Batteries produced shall meet the product quality requirements in Exhibit A.
- 5. a. The parties will repeat acceptance testing until both the New Equipment and batteries made on the New Equipment have met the requirements for acceptance; provided, however, that if the New Equipment has not been accepted within 10 months after the arrival of the New Equipment at Rayovac factory, Matsushita will sell Matsushita LR6 Contract Batteries meeting the quality requirements (including Rayovac's labeling requirements) to Rayovac at the following weekly volume:

LR6
2.0 million
provided that such volume shall be reduced by the number of LR6
Contract Batteries produced on the New Equipment that are
commercially salable or meet the product specifications for
acceptance set forth on Exhibit A. The price for such batteries
shall be Matsushita's Direct Variable Cost, at its factory. All
prices shall be delivered F.O.B. Matsushita, Osaka, Japan.

- b. If the New Equipment has not been accepted within 16 months after the arrival of the New Equipment at Rayovac factory, then (1) Rayovac may reject the New Equipment and (2) Matsushita may terminate this Agreement, by written notice to the other party. In the event of such rejection by Rayovac or termination by Matsushita, Matsushita shall continue to supply LR6 Contract Batteries as provided in Article XI.5.a. above for an additional 2 years, but in no event for more than 30 months in total.
- c. All time periods provided in this Section 5 shall be deferred for the time period during which performance is made impracticable either by a force majeure or by the acts or omissions of Rayovac.
- d. If the New Equipment is not accepted, at the earlier of (1) Rayovac's obtaining another source of batteries at comparable quality and cost or (2) two years after Rayovac's notice of rejection of New Equipment or Matsushita's notice of termination, Matsushita shall take delivery of the rejected New Equipment and refund to Rayovac an amount equal to its then depreciated book value (which shall be calculated using straight line depreciation over a 10 year expected life), plus the cost of relevant technical documents, spare parts, trainer fee, and \$250,000.
- e. The remedies provided in this Section 5 shall be Rayovac's exclusive remedies for Matsushita's failure to deliver New Equipment on time or failure to deliver New Equipment that meets the Acceptance Test provided in this Article XI.
- 6. Upon satisfactory completion of the Acceptance Test, the parties will execute a certificate stating that the line has passed the test and that it has been accepted. If Rayovac shall reject the line or Matsushita shall terminate this Agreement, the acting party shall execute a certificate to that effect and deliver it to the other party.
- 7. If Rayovac and Matsushita agree to dispatch trainers from Matsushita to Rayovac pursuant to Article IV.1.b. hereof, the acceptance test for the Retooling Equipment shall be carried out at Rayovac's factory in the presence of Matsushita's engineers at a mutually agreeable time after completion of retooling procedure using Retooling Parts and mass-production conditions established through a test run of the Retooling Equipment.

> a. Before retooling the existing equipment, representatives from Rayovac and Matsushita shall agree upon the acceptance conditions of the Retooling Equipment based on the efficiency rate and scrap rate of the existing equipment.

For example:

Efficiency Rate = average machine efficiency

rate 3 months before

retooling

Scrap Rate = average scrap rate 3 months

before retooling

[Graphic] 0.8

0.8

Χ

b. No defects in material or workmanship shall appear on sight inspection of the batteries produced, provided that the tests shall have been conducted in an atmosphere having a relative humidity of less than 65%.

c. The line shall have demonstrated a capacity to produce at least 600 LR6 Contract Batteries per minute. The line shall have produced the amount of LR6 Contract Batteries (calculated based on the Efficiency Rate agreed upon in the Section 7a.), in a period of 4 consecutive hours in at least 3 days out of any period of 5 consecutive days. The line shall experience a cumulative scrap rate of no more than the amount agreed upon in Section 7a. (electrical scrap rate shall be measured after a 7 day aging period.)

ARTICLE XII Technical Support after Acceptance

Subsequent to acceptance of the New Equipment, upon Rayovac's request, Matsushita will dispatch its engineers to Rayovac's factory for up to 120 man days to give Rayovac technical guidance and advice for manufacturing batteries. The terms and conditions of dispatch of Matsushita's engineers in this Agreement will be subject to a Service Agreement, which has been executed on this date.

ARTICLE XIII Supply of Components, Materials and Parts

Matsushita will introduce Rayovac to Matsushita's non-Japanese suppliers of materials, parts, components and supplies ("Supplies") needed to manufacture LR6 Contract Batteries. Matsushita will sell to Rayovac any or all of Rayovac's requirements of Supplies that Matsushita normally purchases from Japanese suppliers; the price for such Supplies shall be Matsushita's cost, plus the cost of handling and processing orders.

ARTICLE XIV Warranty

- Matsushita warrants that the New Equipment will be merchantable and free from defects in design, material, and workmanship and that under normal use the New Equipment will meet the New Equipment Specifications stated in Exhibit B.
- 2. The New Equipment shall be warranted for normal use for a period of 12 months after the date of its Acceptance stated in Article XI of this Agreement or 24 months after the bill of lading date of the New Equipment at a Japanese port, whichever comes earlier.
- 3. Matsushita shall have no liability for any Contract Batteries manufactured by Rayovac, and Rayovac shall indemnify and hold Matsushita harmless from and against any and all cost, liability or expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees) arising out of any action related to Contract Batteries manufactured by Rayovac other than actions (i) which are subject to the indemnity set forth in paragraph 4 of this Article or (ii) arising out of a breach of this Agreement by Matsushita.
 - a. Matsushita or MEI warrants that the practice of the patents(excluding patent applications) owned by it and licensed to Rayovac hereunder shall not infringe the patent rights of any third party. Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed as the making by Matsushita of any warranty or representation that the Intellectual Property (other than the patents) or any process or method for manufacturing Contract Batteries supplied by Matsushita hereunder do not infringe the intellectual property rights of any third party.

Neither Matsushita nor MEI is currently aware and neither has any reason to believe that the use of the Total Equipment or the manufacture, use, or sale of Contract Batteries will infringe the patent rights (other than the rights of Varta under the Varta Patent) or other intellectual property rights of any person.

Matsushita shall indemnify and hold Rayovac harmless from and against any and all cost, liability and expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees for counsel of Rayovac's choosing) arising out of any action alleging that Rayovac's enjoyment of the rights and privileges to practice the patents (excluding patent applications) licensed herein by MEI infringes any patent of another party.

b. Matsushita shall at its expense defend any suits that may be instituted against Rayovac alleging that the practice of the patents (other than the patent applications licensed by Matsushita or MEI to Rayovac hereunder) infringes any existing United States patent except patent #4,774,155 and its corresponding patents (the "Varta Patent"), relating to the New Equipment, provided that (a) Rayovac shall have given Matsushita immediate notice in writing of any such suit and transmitted to Matsushita immediately upon receipt all processes and papers served upon Rayovac, (b) Rayovac shall permit Matsushita through its counsel, either in the name of Rayovac or in the name of Matsushita, to defend the same, and (c) Rayovac shall give all reasonable information, assistance and authority to enable Matsushita to do so. If the practice of the patents is in such suit held in and of itself to infringe any existing, valid United States patent, then Matsushita will pay any final award of damages in such suit attributable to such infringement.

- c. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Matsushita shall not be responsible for any compromise or settlement made without its written consent, or for infringements of combination or process patents covering the use of the Total Equipment in combination with products or things not sold hereunder, or for infringement directly or indirectly caused by or based on the manufacture, use or sale of any part of the Equipment if such part is not specified, designed and manufactured by Matsushita.
- d. Rayovac shall be responsible for obtaining a license to practice the Varta Patent including, without limitation, any and all costs associated with obtaining such license. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Matsushita shall not be responsible for the manufacture or sale of Contract Batteries by Rayovac without obtaining a license to practice the Varta Patent.
- 5. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN, MATSUSHITA MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE TOTAL EQUIPMENT OR THE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT SHALL MATSUSHITA BE LIABLE TO RAYOVAC OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, COSTS OR EXPENSES OR ANY LOST PROFIT ARISING OUT OF ANY SUCH BREACH OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT.

ARTICLE XV Improvements, Information Exchange

1. Improvements by Matsushita.

To the extent it has the right to do so, Matsushita will inform Rayovac promptly of Improvements which Matsushita conceives and reduces to practice, or acquires subsequent to execution of this Agreement and prior to the fifth anniversary of the Date hereof, and further agrees to furnish Rayovac, upon its written request and without additional charge, with technical information concerning such Improvements. With respect to any Improvements prior to the Promised Shipment Date that require a change in the design of the New Equipment, Matsushita shall inform Rayovac of the cost of such change and any delay to the Promised Shipment Date which may be incurred thereby. If Rayovac desires such Improvement it shall promptly notify Matsushita and agree to bear the cost of such Improvement and the Promised Shipment Date shall be delayed as indicated to incorporate such change. With respect to all other Improvements, the cost of implementing any such Improvements, including the cost of parts, supplies, and alteration of the Total Equipment will be borne by Rayovac.

2. Improvements by Rayovac.

To the extent it has the right to do so, Rayovac will inform Matsushita promptly of Improvements which Rayovac conceives and reduces to practice, or acquires subsequent to execution of this Agreement and prior to the fifth anniversary of the Date hereof, and further agrees to furnish Matsushita, upon its written request and without additional charge, with technical information concerning such Improvements. The cost of implementing any such Improvements, including the cost of parts, supplies, and alteration of the Total Equipment will be borne by Matsushita. If during the term of this Agreement, Rayovac shall apply for or obtain a patent on relevant technology, at the request of Matsushita that patent shall be subject to negotiation of a license for its use for a royalty to be mutually agreed upon.

Total Equipment Meetings.

For the five year period beginning with the execution of this Agreement, Matsushita and Rayovac will conduct one meeting per year (the "Total Equipment Meetings") for a free and open discussion among technical personnel concerning Improvements and the operation of the Total Equipment. If Matsushita and Rayovac agree to have another meeting per year, it is permitted for the parties hereto to have one more meeting (but not more than two) per year. The sites of the meetings shall alternate from Rayovac's offices to Matsushita's offices. In addition to such meetings, Matsushita shall be entitled to one tour per year of Rayovac's Fennimore plant, and Rayovac shall be entitled to one tour per year of Matsushita's Osaka Plant. Prior to each such meeting, the parties will test the Contract Batteries and will compare their performance to that of major competitive batteries. Matsushita and Rayovac shall work together and cooperate to assure that the design of Contract Batteries, including any design embodying Improvements, shall be of comparable quality to the best readily available no mercury added alkaline batteries generally on sale in the United States.

4. If at any time during the term of this Agreement, either party shall become aware of a significant quality problem or latent defect in the Total Equipment, Contract Batteries, or similar equipment or batteries owned, used or licensed by Matsushita, that party immediately shall notify the other of such problem or defect. Thereafter, both parties shall share information concerning any solutions or treatments they shall learn concerning such problem or defect.

ARTICLE XVI Force Majeure

If the performance in whole or part by either party of any obligation under this Agreement shall be prevented or delayed by war, riot, fires, floods, acts of God or any similar event beyond the control of such party, then the date that performance is due shall be extended for a period equal to the time lost because of the delay; provided that such suspension or annulment shall not prejudice or affect rights that may have accrued prior thereto; and provided further that if such suspension or annulment shall continue for more than 12 months, the party not receiving performance may terminate this Agreement by written notice to the other party.

ARTICLE XVII Secrecy

The parties have executed a Confidential Disclosure Agreement dated 1 August 1991 (the "Confidentiality Agreement"), which is hereby incorporated and made a part of this Agreement, provided that nothing contained herein shall prohibit Rayovac from showing the Total Equipment to its attorneys, customers (who are not battery manufacturers), or lenders, who have a need to view the Total Equipment and who are aware of these confidentiality obligations and have agreed to abide by them, or to any permitted assignee under Article XXI. The term of the Confidentiality Agreement is hereby extended such that the obligations thereunder shall expire on the date which is three years after the expiration of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XVIII Terms and Conditions

- This Agreement shall remain effective for the duration of the longest lived U.S. Patent but in no event more than 25 years, after which time Rayovac shall have a fully paid, non-exclusive perpetual license to manufacture, use, and sell Contract Batteries.
- 2. This Agreement may be terminated by a party hereto if the other party has committed a material breach of any or all of its obligations hereunder which breach shall not have been remedied by the defaulting party within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice of such breach. In the event of any such termination, Rayovac may, at its option, in addition to any other remedy it may have, continue to use the Patents licensed hereunder for the remainder of the term in accordance with this Agreement if, and only if, it continues to pay the royalties for such use as provided in Article IV hereof. In the event Rayovac elects not to make such payments, it shall immediately upon termination of this Agreement cease the use of all Patents licensed hereunder, return all written information in respect of the Patents and Know-How, and destroy all copies of information derived from the Know-How except that Rayovac has the right to retain one archival copy, which shall be kept by an independent law firm and shall not be made available to Rayovac's operating personnel.
- The termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Article shall not affect any amounts payable by either party, accrued prior to such termination.
- 4. In the event of dissolution, judicial liquidation, or bankruptcy of a party to this Agreement, the other party shall have the right to immediately terminate this Agreement by giving a written notice of termination to such party.
- 5. If either party wish to have continuously receive technical assistance even after the period of five years as from the date of this Agreement and wish to renew the technical assistance, both parties will discuss the specific terms for the renewal including the scope of technical assistance and royalty payment to be made therefor.

ARTICLE XIX Applicable Law

This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of Wisconsin.

ARTICLE XX Arbitration

The parties shall attempt to resolve amicably any and all disputes arising in connection with this Agreement.

If an amicable settlement is not reached, all disputes, controversies, or differences that may arise between the parties, out of or in relation to or in connection with this Agreement, or the breach thereof, shall be finally settled by arbitration conducted in either London, England, or Sydney, Australia, as designated by the requesting party, in the English language, pursuant to the rules of the International Chamber of Commerce.

ARTICLE XXI Assignment

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of all successors and assigns provided that this Agreement shall not be assigned to any third party other than a subsidiary in which the party owns at least 50% of the voting stock or to a purchaser of substantially all of the party's business and shall not inure to the benefit of the referee, receiver, or trustee in bankruptcy of either party under any circumstance. Provided, however, even in case of a purchase of substantially all of the party's business, this Agreement shall not in any event be assigned to a Major Battery Manufacturer defined in Article III.3. herein nor to the Controlling Party.

ARTICLE XXII Entire Agreement and Amendments

This Agreement, the Exhibits hereto, the Service Agreement of this date, and the Confidential Disclosure Agreement of August 1, 1991 as amended, constitute the entire and only agreements between the parties hereto relating to the subject matter hereof and supersede and cancel all previous agreements, commitments and representations in respect thereto and may not be released, discharged, abandoned, changed or modified in any manner except by an instrument in writing or subsequent date signed by duly authorized officers or representatives of each of the parties hereto. No standard or preprinted term or provision of any sales order, purchase order, acknowledgment, or other form of either party, whether exchanged before or after execution of this Agreement, shall overrule or take precedence over any term of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XXIII Notice

Any notice or request under this Agreement shall be made by air mail and shall be directed by one party to the other at its respective address as follows:

Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd.

1-1, Matsushita-cho, Moriguchi Osaka 5708511 Japan

Osaka 5708511 Japan Attention: Saburo Abe

Managing Director of Primary Batteries and Director

of Dry Battery Division

Rayovac Corporation 601 Rayovac Drive

Madison, Wisconsin 53711-2497 U.S.A.

Attention: Trygve Lonnebotn

- Either party may, by written notice to the other party, change the address to which notice or request shall be directed.
- Any notice or request shall be deemed to have been made on the date on which it is telefaxed or 7 days after it has been sent by courier messenger delivery.

ARTICLE XXIV Export Administration

- The parties of the Agreement shall observe all applicable export control, laws or regulations of a relevant government and/or a governmental agency.
- In the event that a Japanese governmental authorization is required for the shipment of the Equipment and/or the Technical Documentation under the Agreement, Matsushita will not disclose such Equipment and/or Technical Documentation until Matsushita obtains such authorization.
- 3. In the event that a United States governmental authorization is required for the disclosure of the Confidential Information under the Agreement, Rayovac will not disclose such Confidential Information until Rayovac obtains such authorizations.

ARTICLE XXV Conformity to Standards and Regulations

- In the event that New Equipment is in conformity to the specifications attached hereto as Exhibit B, it is final and the New Equipment shall be considered to be duly accepted by Rayovac.
- 2. The parties hereto agree that Rayovac shall at its own costs and responsibilities secure the adaptability for the standards and/or regulations of Federal and/or States of the United States, including those on safety with respect to manufacturing Contract Batteries and the Total Equipment.
- 3. The parties hereto agree that Matsushita shall at its own risk and responsibility secure the adaptability for the standards and/or regulations of Japan with respect to manufacturing Contract Batteries and the Total Equipment.

ARTICLE XXVI Relation to the Agreements

If any conflicts occur in the interpretation between this Agreement and any previous agreements including the 1991 Agreement and the 1994 Agreement, this Agreement shall prevail.

In witness whereof, each party has caused this Agreement to be executed in English and in duplicate by its duly authorized officer or representative on the dates specified below.

Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd.

By: /s/ Y. Yasuda

Title: President

Date: March 5th, 1998

Rayovac Corporation

By: /s/ David A. Jones

Title: President & CEO

Date: March 5th, 1998

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

By: /s/ (illegible)

Title: Executive Vice President

Date: March 5th, 1998

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3-MOS

SEP-30-1997

MAR-28-1998

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(982)
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