FORM 10Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 4, 1999

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 333-17895

Rayovac Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 22-2423556 \_\_\_\_\_\_(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

601 Rayovac Drive, Madison, Wisconsin 53711 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(608) 275-3340

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

### Yes ( X ) No ( )

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock,  $\$.01\ par$  value, as of May 17, 1999, was 27,484,780.

# Item 1. Financial Statements

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS As of April 4, 1999 and September 30, 1998 (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	April 4, 1999	September 30, 199
	(Unaudited)	
-ASSETS-		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 880	\$ 1,594
Receivables	78,207	101,853
Inventories	62,717	62,762
Prepaid expenses and other	18,832	14,729
Total current assets	160,636	180,938
Property, plant and equipment, net	74,651	71,367
Deferred charges and other	41,039	31,554
Total assets	\$ 276,326	\$ 283,859
-LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY -		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 3,149	\$ 3,590
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities:	50,959	62,317
Wages and benefits and other	25,613	26,585
Recapitalization and other special charges	3,231	6,789
Total current liabilities	82,952	99,281
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		148,686
Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion	11,841	10,433
Other	3,654	3,585
Total liabilities	241,905	261,985
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 150,000 shares; issued 56,959 and 56,907 shares respectively;		
outstanding 27,485 and 27,471 shares, respectively	570	569
Additional paid-in capital	103,533	103,304
Notes receivable from officers/shareholders	(890)	(890)
Retained earnings	58,790	45,735
	162,003	
Less stock held in trust for deferred compensation		
plan, 24 shares at September 30, 1998 Less treasury stock, at cost, 29,474 and 29,436		(412)
shares, respectively Accumulated other comprehensive income (expense):	(128,975)	(128,472)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1,853	2,500
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(460)	(460)
Total shareholders' equity	34,421	21,874
iotal Shareholders Equity		21,074
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 276,326	\$ 283,859

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the three month and six month periods ended April 4, 1999 and March 28, 1998 (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	THREE M		SIX MONTHS	
		Fiscal 1998	 Fiscal 1999 	Fiscal 1998
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 110,969 58,657	\$ 96,081 50,557	\$ 271,511 140,516	\$ 246,076 127,964
Gross profit	52,312	45,524	130,995	118,112
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges	32,454 8,514 2,184 738	28,204 8,550 2,049 5,236	80,043 17,308 4,265 1,386	73,676 16,227 4,106 4,017
Total operating expenses	43,890		103,002	98,026
Income from operations	8,422	1,485	27,993	20,086
Other expense (income): Interest expense Other expense (income)	3,484 155  3,639	3,291 (126)  3,165	7,140 382  7,522	8,315 (359) 7,956
Income (loss) before income taxes and extraordinary item	4,783	(1,680)	20,471	12,130
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,720	(698)	7,416	4,578
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	3,063	(982)	13,055	7,552
Extraordinary item, loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of income tax benefit of \$1,263				1,975
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,063	\$ (982)	\$ 13,055	\$ 5,577
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE Average shares outstanding Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	27,485 \$ 0.11 	27,432 \$ (0.04)	27,484 \$ 0.48 	25,476 \$ 0.30 (0.08)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.22
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE Average shares outstanding and common stock equivalents . Income (loss) before extraordinary item	29,315 \$ 0.10	27,432 \$ (0.04)	29,241 \$ 0.45	27,006 \$ 0.28
Extraordinary item		 		(0.07)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.10	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.21

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

#### RAYOVAC CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the six month periods ended April 4, 1999 and March 28, 1998 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

FISCAL 1999 FISCAL 1998 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Cash flows from operating activities: Net income ..... \$ 13,055 \$ 5,577 Non-cash adjustments to net income: 1,294 1,675 Amortization ..... 5,495 5,811 Depreciation ..... (3,453) Other non-cash adjustments ..... (359) Net changes in other assets and liabilities, (5,239) (5**,**555) net of effects from acquisition ..... \_\_\_ \_\_\_ Net cash provided by operating activities ..... 13,930 4,371 Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property, plant and equipment ..... Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment ..... (9,025) 9,025) 3,292 11 3,292 (7,508) (6,676) Payment for acquisitions ..... \_\_\_\_\_ Net cash used by investing activities ..... (9,014) (10,892) Cash flows from financing activities: Reduction of debt ..... Proceeds from debt financing ..... Proceeds from issuance of common stock ..... (9,726) (137,987) 4,263 59,859 59,859 87,268 (173) (73) Other ..... \_\_\_\_\_ ·----Net cash provided (used) by financing activities ... (5,636) 9,067 -----Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash 6 equivalents ..... (7) \_\_\_\_\_` (714) 2.539 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1,594 1,133 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period ..... \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \$3,672 \$ 880 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period ..... -----\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these statements.

## RAYOVAC CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

## 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION: These financial statements have been prepared by Rayovac Corporation (the "Company"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and, in the opinion of the Company, include all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company at April 4, 1999, results of operations for the three and six month periods ended April 4, 1999, and March 28, 1998, and cash flows for the three and six month periods ended April 4, 1999, and March 28, 1998. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto as of September 30, 1998. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: Derivative financial instruments are used by the Company principally in the management of its interest rate, foreign currency and raw material price exposures.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its interest rate risk. The net amounts to be paid or received under interest rate swap agreements designated as hedges are accrued as interest rates change, and are recognized over the life of the swap agreements, as an adjustment to interest expense from the underlying debt to which the swap is designated. The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the counterparties are included in accrued liabilities or accounts receivable. The Company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement which effectively fixes the interest rate on floating rate debt at a rate of 6.16% for a notional principal amount of \$62,500 through October 1999. The fair value of the unrealized portion of this contract at April 4, 1999 was (\$373).

The Company has entered into an amortizing cross currency interest rate swap agreement related to financing the acquisition of Brisco. The agreement effectively fixes the interest and foreign exchange on floating rate debt denominated in U.S. Dollars at a rate of 5.34% denominated in German Marks. The unamortized notional principal amount at April 4, 1999 is \$3,701. The fair value of the unrealized portion at April 4, 1999 was (\$110).

The Company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to mitigate the risk from anticipated settlement in local currencies of intercompany purchases and sales. These contracts generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. dollars. The contracts are marked to market, and the related adjustment is recognized in other expense (income). The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the counterparties are included in accounts payable or accounts receivable. The Company has \$2,932 of forward exchange contracts at April 4, 1999. The fair value of the unrealized portion of the contracts at April 4, 1999, approximated the contract value.

The Company also enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the risk from anticipated settlement in local currencies of trade sales. These contracts generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for Pounds Sterling. The related amounts receivable from the trade customers are included in accounts receivable. The Company has approximately \$4,634 of such forward exchange contracts at April 4, 1999. The fair value of the unrealized portion of the contracts at April 4, 1999, was \$228.

The Company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the risk from settlement in local currencies of trade purchases. These contracts generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. Dollars and Pounds Sterling. The Company has entered into foreign exchange contracts to hedge payment obligations denominated in Japanese Yen under a commitment to purchase certain

production equipment from Matsushita. The Company has \$6,682 of such forward exchange contracts outstanding at April 4, 1999. See related purchase commitment discussed in the commitments and contingencies note. The fair value at April 4, 1999 was \$143.

The Company is exposed to risk from fluctuating prices for zinc and silver commodities used in the manufacturing process. The Company hedges some of this risk through the use of commodity swaps, calls and puts. The swaps effectively fix the floating price on a specified quantity of a commodity through a specified date. Buying calls allows the Company to purchase a specified quantity of a commodity for a fixed price through a specified date. Selling puts allows the buyer of the put to sell a specified quantity of a commodity to the Company for a fixed price through a specific date. The maturity of, and the quantities covered by, the contracts highly correlate to the Company's anticipated purchases of the commodities. The cost of the calls, and the premiums received from the puts, are amortized over the life of the contracts and are recorded in cost of goods sold, along with the effects of the swap, put and call contracts.

At April 4, 1999, the Company had entered into a series of swaps for zinc with a contract value of 3,785 for the period March 1999 through March 2000. At April 4, 1999, the Company had purchased a call with a contract value of 230 and sold a put with a contract value of 212 for March 1999, designed to set a ceiling and floor price for zinc. While the transactions have no carrying value, the fair value of the unrealized portion of these contracts was (164) at April 4, 1999.

At April 4, 1999, the Company had entered into a swap for silver with a contract value of \$282 for March 1999. While the transaction has no carrying value, the fair value of the unrealized portion of the contract at April 4, 1999 approximated the contract value.

## 2 INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	April 4, 1999	September 30, 1998
Raw material	\$21,266	\$22,311
Work-in-process	13,377	16,230
Finished goods	28,074	24,221
	\$62,717	\$62,762
	======	+02,702

#### 3 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Effective October 1, 1998 the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. SFAS No. 130 requires the reporting of comprehensive income in addition to net income from operations. Comprehensive income is a more inclusive financial reporting methodology that includes disclosure of certain financial information that historically has not been recognized in the calculation of net income.

Comprehensive income (loss) and the components of other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six month periods ended April 4, 1999 and March 28, 1998 are as follows:

	Three month periods ended April 4, 1999 and March 28, 1998		
	Fiscal 1999	Fiscal 1998	
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$3,063	(\$982)	
foreign currency translation	(551)	(569)	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$2,512	(\$1,551)	

# Six month periods ended April 4, 1999 and March 28,1998

	- · ·	·
	Fiscal 1999	Fiscal 1998
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$13,055	\$5 <b>,</b> 577
foreign currency translation	(647)	37
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$12,408	\$5,614

# 4 EARNINGS PER SHARE DISCLOSURE

Earnings per share is calculated based upon the following:

	Three month period ended April 4, 1999			Three mont	h period ended Marc	ch 28, 1998
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount
Income before extraordinary item	\$3 <b>,</b> 063			(\$982)		
BASIC EPS Income available to common shareholders	\$3,063	27,485	\$0.11 	(\$982)	27,432	(\$0.04) 
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES Stock Options		1,830			0	
DILUTED EPS Income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversion	\$3,063 	29,315	\$0.10 	(\$982) 	27,432	(\$0.04) 

The effect of unexercised stock options outstanding for the three month period ended March 28, 1998 was excluded from the diluted EPS calculations as their effect was anti-dilutive.

	Six month period ended April 4, 1999			Six month	period ended March	n 28, 1998
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount
Income before extraordinary item	\$13,055			\$7 <b>,</b> 552		
BASIC EPS Income available to common shareholders	\$13,055	27,484	\$0.48 	\$7 <b>,</b> 552	25,476	\$0.30 

1,513

# DILUTED EPS Income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversion

\$13,055	29,241	\$0.45 	\$7,552 	26,989	\$0.28 

#### 5 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In March 1998, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase certain equipment and to pay annual royalties. In connection with the 1998 agreement the Company committed to pay royalties of \$2,000 in 1998 and 1999, \$3,000 in 2000 through 2003, and \$500 in each year thereafter, as long as the related equipment patents are enforceable (2023). Additionally, the Company has committed to purchase \$7,500 of production equipment and \$220 of tooling.

The Company has provided for the estimated costs associated with environmental remediation activities at some of its current and former manufacturing sites. In addition, the Company, together with other parties, has been designated a potentially responsible party of various third-party sites on the United States EPA National Priorities List (Superfund). The Company provides for the estimated costs of investigation and remediation of these sites when such losses are probable and the amounts can be reasonably estimated. The actual cost incurred may vary from these estimates due to the inherent uncertainties involved. The Company believes that any additional liability in excess of the amounts provided of \$1,481, which may result from resolution of these matters, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, liquidity, or cash flow of the Company.

The Company has certain other contingent liabilities with respect to litigation, claims and contractual agreements arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, such contingent liabilities are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, liquidity or cash flow of the Company.

## 6 OTHER

During the year ended September 30, 1998, the Company recorded special charges and credits as follows: (i) a credit of \$1,243 related to the settlement of deferred compensation agreements with certain former employees, (ii) charges of \$5,280 related to (a) the September 1998 closing of the Company's Newton Aycliffe, United Kingdom, packaging facility, (b) the phasing out of direct distribution by June 1998 in the United Kingdom, and (c) the September 1998 closing of one of the Company's German sales offices, which amounts include \$1,771 of employee termination benefits for 73 employees, \$1,457 of lease cancellation costs, and \$1,032 of equipment and intangible asset write-offs, and \$1,020 of other costs, (iii) charges of \$2,184 related to the closing by April 1999 of the Company's Appleton, Wisconsin, manufacturing facility, which amount includes \$1,449 of employee termination benefits for 153 employees, \$200 of fixed asset write-offs and \$535 of other costs, (iv) charges of \$1,963 related to the exit by March 1999 of certain manufacturing operations at the Company's Madison, Wisconsin, facility, which amount includes \$295 of employee termination benefits for 29 employees, \$1,256 of fixed asset write-offs, and \$412 of other costs, (v) a \$2,435 gain on the sale of the Company's previously closed Kinston, North Carolina, facility, (vi) charges of \$854 related to the secondary offering of the Company's common stock, and (vii) miscellaneous credits of \$420. A summary of the 1998 restructuring activities follows:

	Termination Benefits		Total
Expense accrued	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,800	\$ 7,500
Change in estimate . Expensed as incurred Cash expenditures Non-cash charges	(100) 200 (1,500) 	500 1,300 (1,400) (1,600)	400 1,500 (2,900) (1,600)
Balance 9/30/98	\$ 2,300	\$ 2,600	\$ 4,900
Change in estimate . Expensed as incurred Cash expenditures Non-cash charges	(500) 300 (900) 	800 (2,100) (100)	(500) 1,100 (3,000) (100)
Balance 1/03/99	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,200	\$ 2,400
Expensed as incurred Cash expenditures Non-cash charges	(300)	600 (700) (200)	600 (1,000) (200)
Balance 4/04/99	\$ 900 	\$ 900 	\$ 1,800 

During the year ended September 30, 1997, the Company recorded special charges as follows: (i) \$2,500 of charges related to the exit of certain manufacturing and distribution operations at the Company's Kinston, North Carolina facility by early fiscal 1998, which includes \$1,100 of employee termination benefits for 137 employees, (ii) \$1,400 of employee termination benefits for 71 employees related to organizational restructuring in Europe and the exit of certain manufacturing operations in the Company's Newton Aycliffe, United Kingdom facility which the Company completed in fiscal 1998, (iii) \$2,000 of charges for employee termination benefits for 77 employees related to organizational restructuring in the United States which the Company completed in fiscal 1998. The number of employees anticipated to be terminated was approximately equal to the actual numbers referenced above. The charges were partially offset by a \$2,900 million gain related to the curtailment of the Company's defined benefit pension plan covering all domestic non-union employees. A summary of the 1997 restructuring activities follows:

	Termination Benefits	Other Costs	Total
Expenses accrued Change in estimate . Expensed as incurred Expenditures	\$ 4,000 500  (3,300)	\$ 600 600 200 (700)	\$ 4,600 1,100 200 (4,000)
Balance 9/30/97	\$ 1,200	\$ 700	\$ 1,900
Expenditures	(700)		(700)
Balance 12/27/97	\$    500	\$    700	\$ 1,200
Change in estimate . Expenditures	(100) (200)	(400) (200)	(500) (400)
Balance 3/28/98	\$ 200	\$ 100	\$ 300
Expenditures		(100)	(100)
Balance 6/27/98	\$ 200	\$	\$ 200
Change in estimate . Expenditures	(100) (100)	  	(100) (100)
Balance 9/30/98	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 

## 7 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company continues to negotiate with ROV Limited the acquisition of its operating entities that carry on the business of marketing and manufacturing a line of batteries in many Latin American countries. The Company expects to enter into a new definitive agreement for this acquisition to replace the December, 1998 agreement which has been terminated. There can be no assurance that the Company will successfully complete this acquisition.

The Company currently expects to finance this acquisition entirely with additional borrowings under amended senior credit facilities. The Company currently intends to amend and replace its existing senior credit facilities with a \$250 million five-year revolving credit facility and a \$75 million five-year amortizing term loan. In addition to financing the acquisition of ROV Limited's operations, the Company plans to use the proceeds of these planned amended senior credit facilities to refinance the Company's outstanding senior indebtedness, to finance future acquisitions and for working capital and general corporate purposes. Indebtedness under these amended senior credit facilities will be secured.

## 8 GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARY (ROV HOLDING, INC.)

The following condensed consolidating financial data illustrate the composition of the consolidated financial statements. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company and the Guarantor Subsidiary using the equity method for purposes of the consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are therefore reflected in the Company's and Guarantor Subsidiary's investment accounts and earnings. The principal elimination entries eliminate investments in subsidiaries and inter-company balances and transactions.

Separate financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiary are not presented because management has determined that such financial statements would not be material to investors.

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS As of April 4, 1999 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary		Eliminations	
-ASSETS-					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 501 \$ 69,438 51,047 16,848	\$ 43 437  342	\$ 336 16,275 11,786 1,642	\$ (7,943) (116)	62,717 18,832
Total current assets	137,834	822	30,039	(8,059)	160,636
Property, plant and equipment, net Deferred charges and other Investment in subsidiaries	70,115 41,739 18,375	 17,642	4,536 5,062 	(5,762) (36,017)	
Total assets	\$ 268,063	\$ 18,464	\$ 39,637	\$ (49,838)	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)-					
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued liabilities:	\$ 1,950 44,810	\$ 	\$ 2,135 12,613	\$ (936) (6,464)	
Wages and benefits and other Recapitalization and other special charges	22,739 3,107	(141)	4,329 124	(1,314)	25,613 3,231
Total current liabilities	72,606	(141)	19,201	(8,714)	
Long-term debt, net of current maturities Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion Other	144,258 11,841 3,205		2,575  219	(3,375)	143,458 11,841 3,654
Total liabilities	231,910	89	21,995	(12,089)	
Shareholders' equity : Common stock Additional paid-in capital Notes receivable from officers/shareholders Retained earnings	570 103,533 (890) 60,522  163,735	3,525  12,997 	12,072 750  2,967 15,789	(12,072) (4,275) 	103,533 (890) 58,790
Less treasury stock, at cost Accumulated other comprehensive	(128,975)				(128,975)
income (expense): Foreign currency translation adjustment Minimum pension liability adjustment	1,853 (460)	1,853 	1,853	(3,706)	1,853 (460)
Total shareholders' equity	36,153	18,375	17,642	(37,749)	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 268,063	\$ 18,464	\$ 39,637	\$ (49,838)	

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the three month period ended April 4, 1999 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary	Subsidiaries		
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 99,456 55,524	\$ 		\$(7,580) (7,585)	
Gross profit	43,932			5	
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges		 (176) 	1,748	 (18) 	32,454 8,514 2,184 738
Total operating expenses		(176)		(18)	
Income from operations	5,697	176	2,526	23	8,422
Other expense (income): Interest expense Equity in profit of subsidiary Other expense (income)	3,399 (1,422) (216)	(1,263) 17	87  378	(2) 2,685 (24)	3,484  155
Income before income taxes and extraordinary item					
Income tax expense	922		798		1,720
Income before extraordinary item		1,422	1,263	(2,636)	3,063
Extraordinary item					
Net income	\$ 3,014	\$ 1,422		\$(2,636)	\$ 3,063

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the six month period ended April 4, 1999 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries Eliminations		
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$ 248,497 134,141	\$ 	\$39,070 22,440	\$(16,056) (16,065)	
Gross profit	114,356			9	130,995
Selling General and administrative Research and development Other special charges	71,001 14,118 4,265 710	(422)  	9,042 3,648  676	  	80,043 17,308 4,265 1,386
Total operating expenses	90,094	(422)	13,366	(36)	
Income from operations	24,262	422	3,264	45	27,993
Other expense (income): Interest expense Equity in profit of subsidiary Other expense (income)	6,858 (1,793) (192)	 (1,565) 	282  574	3,358 (26)	7,140 
Income before income taxes and extraordinary item	4,873 19,389	(1,539)	856	3,332 (3,287)	7,522
Income tax expense	.,	168	843		7,416
Income before extraordinary item	12,984	1,793	1,565	(3,287)	13,055
Extraordinary item					
Net income	\$ 12,984 	\$ 1,793 	\$ 1,565 	\$ (3,287) 	\$ 13,055 

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the six month period ended April 4, 1999 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiary	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries Elimination		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 13,853	\$ (1)	\$ 887	(\$809)	\$ 13,930
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equip Payment for acquisitions	(8,786) 11 	 	(239)  		(9,025) 11
Net cash used by investing activities	(8,775)		(239)		(9,014)
Cash flows from financing activities: Reduction of debt Proceeds from debt financing Other	(5,759) 	 	(4,776) 4,263	809 	(9,726) 4,263 (173)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(5,932)		(513)	809	(5,636)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			6		6
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents $\ldots$	(854)	(1)	141	(0)	(714)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,355	44	195		1,594
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 501	\$ 43	\$ 336	\$ \$	\$ 880

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FISCAL QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED APRIL 4, 1999 COMPARED TO FISCAL QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 28, 1998

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NET SALES. Net sales for the three months ended April 4, 1999 (the "Fiscal 1999 Quarter") increased \$14.9 million, or 15.5%, to \$111.0 million from \$96.1 million for the three months ended March 28, 1998 (the "Fiscal 1998 Quarter"). The increase was driven by increased sales of alkaline, hearing aid, heavy duty, and specialty batteries partially offset by a decrease in rechargeable alkaline sales.

Alkaline sales increased \$10.6 million, or 26.6%, to \$50.4 million from \$39.8 million in the same period a year ago. The growth in alkaline was due primarily to expanded distribution, a 3% price increase in the U.S., and strong promotional programs in North America partially offset by a decision to exit certain private label battery business in the United Kingdom.

Hearing aid battery sales increased \$2.5 million, or 14.0%, compared to the same period a year ago. Sales were favorably impacted by strong retail channel distribution and the introduction of the Company's newest generation of hearing aid battery products.

Heavy duty sales increased 2.6 million, or 41.3, compared to the same period a year ago due primarily to exclusive distribution with a major U.S. retailer partially offset by a decision to exit certain private label battery business in the United Kingdom.

Specialty battery sales increased \$1.2 million to \$3.3 million primarily attributable to the impact of the Direct Power Plus acquisition completed during Fiscal 1998 and the introduction of cordless and cellular phone batteries.

Alkaline rechargeable sales decreased \$1.8 million, or 27.3%, versus the same period a year ago primarily due to initial stocking orders with a major retailer in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter not being repeated in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter.

For the six months ended April 4, 1999 (the "1999 Six Months"), sales increased \$25.4 million, or 10.3%, to \$271.5 million from \$246.1 million for the six months ended March 28, 1998 (the "1998 Six Months"). The increase was mainly driven by increased sales of alkaline, hearing aid, specialty, and lighting products partially offset by a decrease in watch battery sales.

Alkaline sales increased \$14.4 million, or 11.7%, to \$138.0 million from \$123.6 million in the same period a year ago. The growth in alkaline was due primarily to expanded distribution and strong promotional programs in North America partially offset by a decision to exit certain private label battery business in the United Kingdom.

Hearing aid battery sales increased \$3.8 million, or 10.9%, compared to the same period a year ago. A significant portion of the gain was in North America, reflecting improved

retail channel distribution and the impact of the Best Labs acquisition completed during Fiscal 1998.

Specialty battery sales increased 5.1 million to 7.2 million reflecting the impact of the Direct Power Plus acquisition completed during Fiscal 1998 and the introduction of cordless and cellular phone batteries.

Lighting product sales increased \$2.6 million, or 7.7%, to \$36.2 million due primarily to new product launches and expanded distribution in the Company's industrial lantern battery business.

The decrease in watch battery sales was due primarily to pricing pressures from competitors in North America reflecting industry over-capacity.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit for the Fiscal 1999 Quarter increased \$6.8 million, or 14.9%, to \$52.3 million from \$45.5 in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. Gross profit margin decreased to 47.1% from 47.3% in the same period a year ago primarily reflecting the impact of a temporary shutdown of our AA alkaline production line during the quarter to install new equipment.

For the 1999 Six Months, gross profit increased \$12.9 million, or 10.9%, to \$131.0 million from \$118.1 in the same period a year ago. Gross profit margin increased to 48.3% from 48.0%. These improvements were primarily attributable to sales volume increases and reduced manufacturing costs as a result of cost rationalization initiatives.

SELLING EXPENSE. Selling expense increased \$4.2 million, or 14.9%, to \$32.4 million in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter from \$28.2 million in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. As a percentage of sales, selling expense decreased to 29.2% from 29.4% in the same period a year ago. For the 1999 Six Months, selling expense increased \$6.3 million, or 8.5%, to \$80.0 million from \$73.7 million in the same period a year ago. As a percentage of sales, selling expense decreased to 29.5% from 29.9%. The increase in dollars is due primarily to increased advertising and promotional spending in support of increased sales and expanded distribution. The decrease in selling expense as a percentage of sales is primarily attributable to net sales growing faster than selling expenses.

GENERAL AND ADMINSTRATIVE EXPENSE. General and administrative expense was \$8.5 million in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter approximately equal to the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. For the 1999 Six Months, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.1 million, or 6.8%, to \$17.3 million from \$16.2 million in the same period a year ago. The increase was due primarily to information system improvements, and increased expenses and amortization related to acquisitions. As a percentage of sales, general and administrative expense decreased from 6.6% to 6.4%.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSE. Research and development expense was \$2.2 million for the Fiscal 1999 Quarter approximately equal to the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. For the 1999 Six Months, research and development increased \$0.2 million, or 4.9%, to \$4.3 million from \$4.1 million in the same period a year ago, reflecting increased spending on alkaline and hearing aid battery technology.

SPECIAL CHARGES AND (INCOME). Special charges of \$0.7 million in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter were \$4.5 million lower than the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. In March 1998, the Company announced restructuring plans for its Appleton and Madison, Wisconsin facilities and Newton Aycliffe, United Kingdom facility. Special charges in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter reflect additional costs associated with the closing of these facilities.

For the 1999 Six Months, special charges decreased \$2.6 million to \$1.4 million from \$4.0 million in the same period a year ago. Special charges for the 1999 Six Months principally reflect costs associated with the closing of the Appleton, Wisconsin and Newton Aycliffe, United Kingdom facilities. Special charges for the 1998 Six Months reflect the restructuring of the Company's domestic and international operations partially offset by a gain on the sale of its previously closed North Carolina facility and a gain on the buy-out of deferred compensation agreements with certain former employees.

INCOME FROM OPERATIONS. For the 1999 Fiscal Quarter, income from operations increased \$6.9 million to \$8.4 million from \$1.5 million in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. For the 1999 Six Months, income from operations increased \$7.9 million, or 39.3%, to \$28.0 million from \$20.1 million in the 1998 Six Months. These increases were primarily attributable to increased sales, gross profit improvements and lower special charges partially offset by increased operating expenses.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense increased \$0.2 million, or 6.1%, to \$3.5 million from \$3.3 million in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. The increase was primarily a result of increased indebtedness due to higher working capital investment to support growth in the business.

For the 1999 Six Months, interest expense decreased \$1.2 million, or 14.5%, to \$7.1 million from \$8.3 million in the same period a year ago. The decrease was primarily a result of decreased indebtedness due to the application of proceeds of the Company's initial public offering of common stock completed in November 1997.

OTHER EXPENSE/(INCOME). Foreign exchange losses were partially offset by interest income and resulted in net expense of \$0.2 million in the Fiscal 1999 Quarter. In the Fiscal 1998 Quarter, interest income and foreign exchange gains resulted in net income of \$0.1 million.

For the 1999 Six Months, foreign exchange losses were partially offset by interest income and resulted in net expense of 0.4 million. In the 1998 Six Months, interest income and foreign exchange gains resulted in net income of 0.4 million.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT). The Company's effective tax rate for the Fiscal 1999 Quarter was 36.0% compared to 41.6% tax benefit for the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. The change in effective rate is impacted by (i) a lower foreign tax rate and (ii) the Company's Foreign Sales Corporation ("FSC").

For the 1999 Six Months, the Company's effective tax rate was 36.2% compared to 37.7% for the same period a year ago. The improved effective rate is impacted by a lower foreign tax rate as compared to the Company's statutory rate.

EXTRAORDINARY ITEM. The 1998 Six Months include an extraordinary expense of \$2.0 million, net of income tax, for the premium payment on the redemption of a portion of the Company's Series B Senior Subordinated Notes.

NET INCOME (LOSS). Net income for the Fiscal 1999 Quarter increased \$4.1 million to \$3.1 million from a net loss of \$1.0 million in the Fiscal 1998 Quarter. The increase reflects the impact of sales growth, improved margins, lower special charges, and the absence of the extraordinary item. For the 1999 Six Months, net income increased \$7.5 million, or 133.9%, to \$13.1 million from \$5.6 million in the same period a year ago.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the 1999 Six Months, net cash provided by operating activities increased \$9.5 million to \$13.9 million from \$4.4 million for the 1998 Six Months. This increase is mainly due to increased income from operations and lower interest expense. Cash costs associated with the restructuring activities announced in Fiscal 1998 have been and are expected to be funded with cash provided by operations.

Net cash used in investing activities decreased \$1.9 million versus the prior year period. Capital expenditures for the 1999 Six Months were approximately \$9.0 million, an increase of \$2.3 million from the 1998 Six Months reflecting continued spending on the new SAP business enterprise system and the building expansion at the Company's Portage, Wisconsin manufacturing facility. The increase in capital spending was offset by the absence of acquisition investments in 1998. In the 1998 Six Months, the Company acquired Brisco and DPP.

The Company continues to expect capital spending for fiscal 1999 for its current operations to be approximately \$24 million. Alkaline capacity expansion, building expansion at the Company's Portage, Wisconsin facility and the SAP computer system are the major projects underway in addition to normal maintenance level spending.

The Company continues to negotiate with ROV Limited the acquisition of its operating entities that carry on the business of marketing and manufacturing a line of batteries in many Latin American countries. The Company expects to enter into a new definitive agreement for this acquisition. There can be no assurance that the Company will successfully complete this acquisition.

The Company currently expects to finance this acquisition entirely with additional borrowings under amended senior credit facilities. The Company currently intends to amend and replace its existing senior credit facilities with a \$250 million five-year revolving credit facility and a \$75 million five-year amortizing term loan. In addition to financing the acquisition of ROV Limited's operations, the Company plans to use the proceeds of these planned amended senior credit facilities to refinance the Company's outstanding senior indebtedness, to finance future acquisitions and for working capital and general corporate purposes. Indebtedness under these amended senior credit facilities will be secured.

The Company's current credit facilities include a revolving credit facility of \$90.0 million of which \$72.2 million was outstanding as of April 4, 1999, with approximately \$5.4 million

utilized for outstanding letters of credit. The Company also has \$7.4 million outstanding on its acquisition facility as of April 4, 1999. The Company's ability to borrow is limited by the terms of its senior credit facilities and outstanding 10 1/4% Series B Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006 (the "Notes"). The Company currently intends to seek the consent of the holders of the Notes to certain amendments to the indenture governing the Notes to facilitate the acquisition of ROV Limited's operations and the Company's planned financing thereof.

The Company believes that cash flow from operating activities and periodic borrowings under its planned amended senior credit facilities will be adequate to meet the Company's short-term and long-term liquidity requirements prior to the maturity of those credit facilities, although no guarantee can be given in this regard.

The following should be read in conjunction with ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS in the Form 10-K as of September 30, 1998.

STATE OF READINESS. The Company's Year 2000 Project is continuing on schedule with remediation and/or replacement of legacy systems scheduled for mid-1999.

COSTS TO ADDRESS YEAR 2000 ISSUES. Expenditures directly related to identification, evaluation and remediation of Year 2000 exposures are currently projected to be \$0.8 million for fiscal 1999.

Capital expenditures for projects undertaken for other reasons but which address Year 2000 issues (primarily SAP) are currently projected to be \$5.5 million for fiscal 1999. Other expenditures associated with these capital expenditures are currently projected to be \$1.6 million for fiscal 1999.

## Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements which involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those set forth in such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially are set forth in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### MARKET RISK FACTORS

The Company has market risk exposure from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. Derivative financial instruments are used by the Company, for purposes other than trading purposes, to mitigate the risk from such exposures.

A discussion of the Company's accounting policies for derivative financial instruments is included in Note 1 "Significant Accounting Policies" in Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The analysis below is hypothetical and should not be considered a projection of future risks. Earnings projections are before tax.

As of April 4, 1999, the potential change in fair value of outstanding interest rate derivative instruments, assuming a 1% unfavorable shift in the underlying interest rates would be a loss of \$0.4 million. The net impact on reported earnings, after also including the reduction in one year's interest expense on the related debt due to the same shift in interest rates, would be a net gain of \$0.4 million.

As of April 4, 1999, the potential change in fair value of outstanding foreign exchange rate derivative instruments, assuming a 10% unfavorable change in the underlying foreign exchange rates would be a loss of \$1.8 million. The net impact on future cash flows, after also including the gain in value on the related accounts receivable and contractual payment obligations outstanding at April 4, 1999 due to the same change in exchange rates, would be a net loss of \$0.2 million.

As of April 4, 1999, the potential change in fair value of outstanding commodity price derivative instruments, assuming a 10% unfavorable change in the underlying commodity prices would be a loss of \$0.5 million. The net impact on reported earnings, after also including the reduction in cost of one year's purchases of the related commodities due to the same change in commodity prices, would be a net gain of \$0.1 million.

## Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On May 3, 1999, the Company filed an action in the United Sates District Court for the Western District of Wisconsin against Duracell, Incorporated ("Duracell") alleging that Duracell has infringed and is infringing two of the Company's patents relating to zinc-air batteries, which are used primarily for hearing aids. Duracell has not yet answered the complaint. The Company seeks damages and an injunction against further infringements.

## Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Pursuant to an amended Consent Solicitation Statement, dated February 19, 1999 (the "Prior Consent Solicitation Statement"), the Company obtained the consent of the holders of 99.8% of the aggregate principal amount of its outstanding \$65,000,000 10 1/4% Series B Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006 (the "Notes") to certain amendments (the "Acquisition Amendments") to the indenture (the "Indenture") dated as of October 22, 1996, among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc., as guarantor (the "Guarantor"), and HSBC Bank USA (formerly known as Marine Midland Bank), as trustee (the "Trustee") governing the Notes. The Acquisition Amendments were to facilitate the Company's acquisition of the operations of ROV Limited, a Cayman Islands corporation and marketer and manufacturer of a line of batteries in certain Latin American countries, and would, among other things, increase the aggregate maximum principal amount of senior secured debt that the Company can have outstanding, provide that foreign subsidiaries of the Company need not become guarantors under the Indenture, except in certain limited circumstances, and increase the aggregate maximum principal amount of indebtedness that foreign subsidiaries of the Company can incur. In order to make the Acquisition Amendments effective, the Prior Consent Solicitation Statement and the First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 26, 1999, among the Company, the Guarantor, and the Trustee, each provided that the Company was required to deliver to the Trustee by April 30, 1999 written notice "of the Company's decision to consummate an acquisition of the business of marketing, manufacturing, selling and distributing batteries and related products carried on by ROV Limited." As the Company did not, by April 30, 1999, have definitive agreements for this acquisition, it did not deliver this notice to the Trustee within the required time. Accordingly, the Acquisition Amendments did not become effective.

The Company continues to negotiate the terms of its acquisition of ROV Limited's operations. The Company expects to enter into a new definitive agreement for this acquisition in the near future, however, there can be no assurance that the Company will successfully complete this acquisition. The Company currently intends to commence a new solicitation of consents to amendments to the Indenture to facilitate the acquisition of ROV Limited's operations. The Company expects that the Indenture amendments for which the Company will solicit consent will be substantially the same as those set forth in the First Supplemental Indenture, with the time period for delivery of the required notice to the Trustee extended to a later date.

(a) Exhibits

EXHIBIT NUMBER DESCRIPTION

- 3.1+ Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Company.
- 3.2 Amended and Restated By-laws of the Company, as amended through May 17, 1999
- 4.1\*\* Indenture, dated as of October 22, 1996, by and among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and Marine Midland Bank, as trustee, relating to the Company's 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006.
- 4.2 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 26, 1999, by and among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and HSBC Bank USA (formerly known as Marine Midland Bank) as trustee, relating to the Company's 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006.
- 4.3\*\* Specimen of the Notes (included as an exhibit to Exhibit 4.1)
- 4.4\*\*\*\* Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 30, 1997, by and among the Company, the lenders party thereto and Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association ("BofA"), as Administrative Agent.
- 4.5\*\* The Security Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and among the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and BofA.
- 4.6\*\* The Company Pledge Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and between the Company and BofA.
- 4.7\*\*\* Shareholders Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and among the Company and the shareholders of the Company referred to therein.
- 4.8\*\*\* Amendment No. 1 to Rayovac Shareholders Agreement, dated August 1, 1997, by and among the Company and the shareholders of the Company referred to therein.
- 4.9\*\*\*\*\* Amendment No. 2 to Rayovac Shareholders Agreement, dated as of January 8, 1999, by and among the Company and the Shareholders of the Company referred to therein.
- 4.10\* Specimen certificate representing the Common Stock.
- 10.1\*\* Management Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and between the Company and Thomas H. Lee Company.

- 10.2\*\* Confidentiality, Non-Competition and No-Hire Agreement, dated as of September 12, 1996, by and between the Company and Thomas F. Pyle.
- 10.3++ Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 27, 1998, by and between the Company and David A. Jones.
- 10.4++ Employment Agreement, dated as of April 27, 1998, by and between the Company and Kent J. Hussey
- 10.5++++ Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of October 1, 1998, by and between the Company and Kent J. Hussey.
- 10.6++++ Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Randall J. Steward.
- 10.7++++ Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Roger F. Warren.
- 10.8++++ Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Stephen P. Shanesy.
- 10.9++++ Severance Agreement by and between the Company and Merrell M. Tomlin.
- 10.10\*\* Technology, License and Service Agreement between Battery Technologies (International) Limited and the Company, dated June 1, 1991, as amended April 19, 1993 and December 31, 1995.
- 10.11\*\* Building Lease between the Company and SPG Partners, dated May 14, 1985, as amended June 24, 1986 and June 10, 1987.
- 10.12\*\*\*\*\* Amendment, dated December 31, 1998, between the Company and SPG Partners, to the Building Lease, between the Company and SPG Partners, dated May 14, 1985.
- 10.13\*\*\* Rayovac Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan.
- 10.14\* 1997 Rayovac Incentive Plan.
- 10.15\* Rayovac Profit Sharing and Savings Plan.
- 10.16+++ Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement, dated as of March 5, 1998, by and among the Company. Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd. and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.
- 27 Financial Data Schedule

- \* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-35181) filed with the Commission.
- \*\* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-17895) filed with the Commission.
- \*\*\* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 1997 filed with the Commission on August 13, 1997.
- \*\*\*\* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-49281) filed with the Commission.
- \*\*\*\*\* Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended January 3, 1999 filed with the Commission on February 17, 1999.
- Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1997 filed with the Commission on December 23, 1997.
- ++ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly period ended June 27, 1998 filed with the Commission on August 4, 1998.
- +++ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 28, 1998 filed with the Commission on May 5, 1998.
- ++++ Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1998 filed with the Commission on December 24, 1998.

[Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended January 3, 1999 filed with the Commission on February 17, 1999.]

(b) Reports on Form 8-K. The Company filed no reports on Form 8-K during the Company's quarterly period ended April 4, 1999.

# Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: May 17, 1999

RAYOVAC CORPORATION

By: Randall J. Steward Senior Vice President of Finance

and Chief Financial Officer

By: James A. Broderick Vice President, General Counsel and

# AMENDED AND RESTATED BY-LAWS

OF

# RAYOVAC CORPORATION (hereinafter called the "Corporation")

### ARTICLE I. OFFICES

1.1 PRINCIPAL AND BUSINESS OFFICES. The Corporation may have such principal and other business offices, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the Corporation may require from time to time.

1.2 REGISTERED OFFICE. The registered office of the Corporation required by the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law to be maintained in the State of Wisconsin may be, but need not be, identical with the principal office in the State of Wisconsin, and the address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by the registered agent. The business office of the registered agent of the Corporation shall be identical to such registered office.

# ARTICLE II. SHAREHOLDERS

2.1 ANNUAL MEETING. The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held on such date and at such time as shall be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors and stated in the notice of the meeting, at which meeting the shareholders shall elect directors, and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. Written notice of the annual meeting stating the place, date and hour of the meeting shall be given to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting.

 $$2.2\ \mbox{SPECIAL MEETING}.$  Special meetings of the shareholders, for any purpose or purposes, unless otherwise prescribed by statute or the Articles of Incorpora-

tion, may be called only by (i) the Chairman of the Board of Directors, if there be one, (ii) the President, (iii) any Vice President, if there be one, (iv) the Secretary or (v) any Assistant Secretary, if there be one, and shall be called by any such officer at the request in writing of a majority of the Board of Directors. Shareholders shall not be entitled to call a Special Meeting of the shareholders, nor to require the Board of Directors to call such a special meeting. Special meetings of the shareholders may be held on any date, at any time and at any place within or without the State of Wisconsin as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Written notice of a special meeting stating the place, date and hour of the meeting and the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called shall be given not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting.

2.3 PLACE OF MEETING. The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place of meeting for any annual meeting or for any special meeting called by the Board of Directors. A waiver of notice signed by all shareholders entitled to vote at a meeting may designate any place, either within or without the State of Wisconsin, as the place for the holding of such meeting. If no designation is made, or if a special meeting be otherwise called, the place of meeting shall be the principal business office of the Corporation in the State of Wisconsin or such other suitable place in the county of such principal office as may be designated by the person calling such meeting, but any meeting may be adjourned to reconvene at any place designated by the holders of a majority of the votes represented thereat.

2.4 CLOSING OF TRANSFER BOOKS OR FIXING OF RECORD DATE. For the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination of shareholders for any other proper purpose, the Board of Directors may provide that the stock transfer books shall be closed for a stated period but not to exceed, in any case, fifty days. If the stock transfer books shall be closed for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to

vote at a meeting of shareholders, such books shall be closed for at least ten days immediately preceding such meeting. In lieu of closing the stock transfer books, the Board of Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders, such date in any case to be not more than fifty days and, in case of a meeting of shareholders, not less than ten days prior to the date on which the particular action, requiring such determination of shareholders, is to be taken. If the stock transfer books are not closed and no record date is fixed for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders, or shareholders entitled to receive payment of a dividend, the close of business on the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed or on the date on which the resolution of the Board of Directors declaring such dividend is adopted, as the case may be, shall be the record date for such determination of shareholders. When a determination of shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders has been made as provided in this section, such determination shall be applied to any adjournment thereof except where the determination has been made through the closing of the stock transfer books and the stated period of closing has expired.

2.5 VOTING RECORDS. The officer or agent having charge of the stock transfer books for shares of the Corporation shall, before each meeting of shareholders, make a complete record of the shareholders entitled to vote at such meeting, or any adjournment thereof, arranged in alphabetical order, and indicating the address of each shareholder, the number of shares of each class of capital stock of the Corporation entitled to vote registered in the name of such shareholder and the total number of votes to which each shareholder is entitled. Such record shall be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting and shall be subject to the inspection of any shareholder during the whole time of the meeting for any purpose germane to the meeting. The original stock transfer books shall be prima facie evidence as to who are the shareholders entitled to examine such record or transfer books or to vote at any meeting of shareholders. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall not affect the validity of any action taken at such meeting.

2.6 QUORUM. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, a quorum shall exist at a meeting of shareholders if shares of the Corporation holding a majority of the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting are represented in person or by proxy at such meeting of shareholders, but in no event shall a quorum consist of less than one-third of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting. If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the votes represented at the meeting in person or by proxy voting together as a single class shall be the act of the shareholders, unless the vote of a greater number or voting by classes is required by law or the Articles of Incorporation. If a quorum shall fail to attend any meeting, the presiding officer at the meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified.

2.7 CONDUCT OF MEETING. The Chairman of the Board, and in his absence, the President, and in their absence, any person chosen by the shareholders present shall call the meeting of the shareholders to order and shall act as chairman of the meeting, and the Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the shareholders, but, in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any other person to act as secretary of the meeting.

2.8 PROXIES. At all meetings of shareholders, a shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy appointed in writing by the shareholder or by his duly authorized attorney in fact. Such proxy shall be filed with the Secretary of the Corporation before or at the time of the meeting. Unless otherwise provided in the proxy, a proxy may be revoked at any time before it is voted, either by written notice filed with the Secretary or the acting secretary of the meeting or by oral notice given by the shareholder to the presiding officer during the meeting. The presence of a shareholder who has filed his proxy shall not of itself constitute a revocation. No proxy shall be valid after eleven months from the date of its execution, unless otherwise provided in the proxy. The Board of Directors shall have the

power and authority to make rules establishing presumptions as to the validity and sufficiency of proxies.

2.9 VOTING OF SHARES. Each outstanding share shall be entitled to one vote upon each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of shareholders, except to the extent that voting rights of the shares of any class or classes are enlarged, limited or denied by the Articles of Incorporation.

2.10 VOTING OF SHARES BY CERTAIN HOLDERS.

(a) OTHER CORPORATIONS. Shares standing in the name of another corporation may be voted either in person or by proxy, by the president of such corporation or any other officer appointed by such president. A proxy executed by any principal officer of such other corporation or assistant thereto shall be conclusive evidence of the signer's authority to act, in the absence of express notice to this Corporation, given in writing to the Secretary of this Corporation, of the designation of some other person by the board of directors or the bylaws of such other corporation.

(b) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES AND FIDUCIARIES. Shares held by any administrator, executor, guardian, conservator, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver, or assignee for creditors may be voted by him, either in person or by proxy, without a transfer of such shares into his name provided that there is filed with the Secretary before or at the time of meeting proper evidence of his incumbency and the number of shares held. Shares standing in the name of a fiduciary may be voted by him, either in person or by proxy. A proxy executed by a fiduciary, shall be conclusive evidence of the signer's authority to act, in the absence of express notice to this Corporation, given in writing to the Secretary of this Corporation, that such manner of voting is expressly prohibited or otherwise directed by the document creating the fiduciary relationship.

(c) PLEDGEES. A shareholder whose shares are pledged shall be entitled to vote such shares until the shares have been transferred into the name of the pledgee, and thereafter the pledgee shall be entitled to vote the shares so transferred.

(d) TREASURY STOCK AND SUBSIDIARIES. Neither treasury shares, nor shares held by another corporation if a majority of the shares entitled to vote for the election of directors of such other corporation is held by this Corporation, shall be voted at any meeting or counted in determining the total number of votes represented at such a meeting, but shares of its own issue held by this Corporation in a fiduciary capacity, or held by such other corporation in a fiduciary capacity, may be voted and shall be counted in determining the total number of votes represented at such a meeting.

(e) MINORS. Shares held by a minor may be voted by such minor in person or by proxy and no such vote shall be subject to disaffirmance or avoidance, unless prior to such vote the Secretary of the Corporation has received written notice or has actual knowledge that such shareholder is a minor.

(f) INCOMPETENTS AND SPENDTHRIFTS. Shares held by an incompetent or spendthrift may be voted by such incompetent or spendthrift in person or by proxy and no such vote shall be subject to disaffirmance or avoidance, unless prior to such vote the Secretary of the Corporation has actual knowledge that such shareholder has been adjudicated an incompetent or spendthrift or actual knowledge of filing of judicial proceedings for appointment of a guardian.

(g) JOINT TENANTS. Shares registered in the names of two or more individuals who are named in the registration as joint tenants may be voted in person or by proxy signed by any one or more of such individuals if either (i) no other such individual or his legal representative is present and claims the right to participate in the voting of such shares or prior to the vote files with the Secretary of the Corporation a contrary written voting authorization or direction or written denial of authority of the individual present or signing the proxy proposed to be voted or (ii) all such other individuals are deceased and the Secretary of the Corporation has no actual knowledge that the survivor has been adjudicated not to be the successor to the interests of those deceased.

\$2.11 WAIVER OF NOTICE BY SHAREHOLDERS. Whenever any notice whatsoever is required to be given to any

shareholder of the Corporation under the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws or any provision of law, a waiver thereof in writing, signed at any time, whether before or after the time of the meeting, by the shareholder entitled to such notice, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice; provided that such waiver in respect to any matter of which notice is required under any provision of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, shall contain the same information as would have been required to be included in such notice, except the time and place of meeting.

2.12 NO ACTION BY CONSENT OF SHAREHOLDERS IN LIEU OF MEETING. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the shareholders of the Corporation must be effected at a duly constituted annual or special meeting of such shareholders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by such shareholders.

2.13 NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS. Only persons who are nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election as directors of the Corporation. Nominations of persons for election as directors of the Corporation may be made at a meeting of shareholders only (i) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (ii) by any nominating committee or person appointed by the Board of Directors or (iii) by any shareholder of the Corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at the meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 2.13. Such nominations, other than those made by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or by any nominating committee or person appointed by the Board of Directors, shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a shareholder's notice shall be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than 50 days nor more than 75 days prior to the meeting at which directors will be elected; provided, however, that in the event that less than 65 days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to shareholders, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 15th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever

first occurs. Such shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the shareholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, (i) the name, business address and residence of the person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of the person, (iii) the class and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are beneficially owned by the person and (iv) any other information relating to the person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations for proxies for election of directors pursuant to Rule 14a under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as now or hereafter amended; and (b) as to the shareholder giving the notice, (i) the name and record address of such shareholder and (ii) the class and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are beneficially owned by such shareholder. The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the Corporation to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the Corporation. No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

The presiding officer at the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedures, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and such nomination shall be disregarded.

2.14 OTHER BUSINESS. To be properly brought before a meeting of shareholders, business must be either (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (c) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a shareholder. In addition to any other applicable requirements, for business to be properly brought before a meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation, not less than 50 days nor more than 75 days prior to the meeting; provided, however, that in the event that less than 65 days'

notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to shareholders, notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 15th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made, whichever first occurs. A shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth with respect to each matter the shareholder proposes to bring before the meeting, (i) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting, (ii) the name and record address of the shareholder proposing such business, (iii) the class and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are beneficially owned by such shareholder and others known by such shareholder to support the proposal of such business and (iv) any material interest of such shareholder and other supporters referred to in the preceding clause (iii) in such proposed business.

Notwithstanding anything in the By-Laws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at any meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 2.14, provided, however, that nothing in this Section 2.14 shall be deemed to preclude discussion by any shareholder of any business properly brought before any meeting.

The presiding officer at the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that the business was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions of this Section 2.14, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting, and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted.

### ARTICLE III. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1 GENERAL POWERS AND NUMBER. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by its Board of Directors. The number of directors of the Corporation shall be nine (9).

\$ 3.2 TENURE AND QUALIFICATIONS. Each director shall serve for a term ending on the date of the third annual meeting of shareholders following the annual meeting at which such director was elected and until his

successor is duly elected and duly qualified, or until his prior death, resignation or removal from office. A director may be removed from office as a director, but only for cause, by the affirmative vote of holders of at least two-thirds (66 2/3%) of the voting power of shares entitled to vote at an election of directors. A director may resign at any time by filing his written resignation with the Secretary of the Corporation. Directors need not be residents of the State of Wisconsin or shareholders of the Corporation. A director, other than the Chairman of the Board, who is an officer of the Corporation and who shall retire or otherwise terminate employment as such officer shall automatically be retired as a director of the Corporation and thereafter shall not be eligible for re-election as a director.

3.3 MEETINGS. The Board of Directors of the Corporation may hold meetings, both regular and special, either within or without the State of Wisconsin. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such time and at such place as may from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors and, unless required by resolution of the Board of Directors, without notice. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Vice Chairman, if there be one, or a majority of the directors then in office. Notice thereof stating the place, date and hour of the meeting shall be given to each director either by mail not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the date of the meeting, by telephone, facsimile or telegram on twenty-four (24) hours' notice, or on such shorter notice as the person or persons calling such meeting may deem necessary or appropriate in the circumstances.

3.4 QUORUM. Except as otherwise provided by law or by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, a majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors, but a majority of the directors present (though less than such quorum) may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.

 $$3.5\ MANNER OF ACTING. The act of the majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors,$ 

unless the act of a greater number is required by law or by the Articles of Incorporation or these  $\ensuremath{\text{By-Laws}}$  .

3.6 CONDUCT OF MEETINGS. The Chairman of the Board, and in his absence, any director chosen by the directors present, shall call meetings of the Board of Directors to order and shall act as chairman of the meeting. The Secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board of Directors but in the absence of the Secretary, the presiding officer may appoint any Assistant Secretary or any director or other persons present to act as secretary of the meeting.

3.7 VACANCIES. If the number of directors is changed, any increase or decrease shall be apportioned among the classes so as to maintain the number of directors in each class as nearly equal as possible, and any additional director of any class elected to fill a vacancy resulting from an increase in such class shall hold office for a term that shall coincide with the remaining term of that class, but in no case will a decrease in the number of directors shorten the term of any incumbent director. A director shall hold office until the annual meeting for the year in which his term expires and until his successor shall be duly elected and shall duly qualify, subject, however, to prior death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office. Any vacancy on the Board of Directors that results from an increase in the number of directors may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, provided that a quorum is present, and any other vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors may be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director; provided that in case of a vacancy created by the removal of a director by vote of the shareholders, the shareholders shall have the right to fill such vacancy at the same meeting or any adjournment thereof in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation.

3.8 COMPENSATION. The Board of Directors, by affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, and irrespective of any personal interest of any of its members, may establish reasonable compensation of all directors for services to the Corporation as directors, officers or otherwise, or may delegate such authority to an appropriate committee. The Board of Directors

also shall have authority to provide for or delegate authority to an appropriate committee to provide for reasonable pensions, disability or death benefits, and other benefits or payments, to directors, officers and employees and to their estates, families, dependents or beneficiaries on account of prior services rendered by such directors, officers and employees to the Corporation.

3.9 PRESUMPTION OF ASSENT. A director of the Corporation who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof of which he is a member at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless his dissent shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless he shall file his written dissent to such action with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or shall forward such dissent by registered mail to the Secretary of the Corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of such action.

3.10 COMMITTEES. The Board of Directors by resolution adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of the number of directors then in office may designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of three or more directors elected by the Board of Directors, which, to the extent provided in said resolution as initially adopted, and as thereafter supplemented or amended by further resolution adopted by a like vote, shall have and may exercise, when the Board of Directors is not in session, the powers of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, except action in respect to dividends to shareholders, election of the principal officers or the filling of vacancies in the Board of Directors or committees created pursuant to this section. The Board of Directors may elect one or more of its members as alternate members of any such committee who may take the place of any absent member or members at any meeting of such committee, upon request by the Chairman of the Board or upon request by the chairman of such meeting. Each such committee shall fix its own rules governing the conduct of its activities and shall make such reports to the Board of Directors of its activities as the Board of Directors may request.

3.11 UNANIMOUS CONSENT WITHOUT MEETING. Any action required or permitted by the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws or any provision of law to be taken by the Board of Directors at a meeting or by resolution may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by all of the directors then in office.

3.12 TELEPHONIC MEETINGS. Unless otherwise provided by the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-Laws, members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, or any committee designated by the Board of Directors, may participate in a meeting of the Board of Directors or such committee by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this Section 3.14 shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

## ARTICLE IV. OFFICERS

4.1 NUMBER. The principal officers of the Corporation shall be a Chairman of the Board, a President, a number of Vice Presidents as shall be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be elected by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may from time to time elect or appoint such officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

4.2 ELECTION AND TERM OF OFFICE. The officers of the Corporation to be elected by the Board of Directors shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at the first meeting of the Board of Directors held after each annual meeting of the shareholders. If the election of officers shall not be held at such meeting, such election shall be held as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. Each officer shall hold office until his successor shall be duly elected or until his prior death, resignation or removal. Any officer may resign at any time upon written notice to the Corporation. Failure to elect officers shall not dissolve or otherwise affect the Corporation.

 $\ensuremath{4.3}$  REMOVAL. Any officer or agent may be removed by the Board of Directors at any time by the

affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed. Election or appointment shall not of itself create contract rights.

4.4 VACANCIES. A vacancy in any principal office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise, shall be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

4.5 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD. The Chairman of the Board shall be elected or appointed by, and from the membership of the Board of Directors. He shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the shareholders and of the Board of Directors. He shall perform such other duties and functions as shall be assigned to him from time to time by the Board of Directors or in these By-Laws. Except where by law the signature of the President of the Corporation is required, the Chairman of the Board shall possess the same power and authority to sign, execute and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, mortgages, bonds, stock certificates, contracts, leases, reports and all other documents or instruments necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's regular business, or which shall be authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; and except as otherwise provided by law or by the Board of Directors, he may authorize the President or any Vice President or other officer or agent of the Corporation to sign, execute and acknowledge such documents or instruments in his place and stead. During the absence or disability of the President, or while that office is vacant, the Chairman of the Board shall exercise all of the powers and discharge all of the duties of the President.

4.6 PRESIDENT. The President shall be the chief executive officer and chief operations officer of the Corporation and, subject to the control of the Board of Directors, shall in general determine the direction and goals of the Corporation and supervise and control all of the business, operations and affairs of the Corporation. He shall have authority, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, to appoint such agents and employees of the Corporation as he may deem necessary, to prescribe their powers, duties and

compensation, and to delegate authority to them. Such agents and employees shall hold office at the discretion of the President. He shall have authority, co-equal with the Chairman of the Board, to sign, execute and acknowledge, on behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, mortgages, bonds, stock certificates, contracts, leases, reports and all other documents or instruments necessary or proper to be executed in the course of the Corporation's regular business, or which shall be authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; and, except as otherwise provided by law or by the Board of Directors, he may authorize any Vice President or any other officer or agent of the Corporation to sign, execute and acknowledge such documents or instruments in his place and stead. In general, he shall perform all duties incident to the office of chief executive officer, chief operating officer and President and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors from time to time.

4.7 VICE PRESIDENTS. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board and the President or in the event of their deaths, inability or refusal to act, or in the event for any reason it shall be impracticable for the Chairman of the Board or President to act personally, the Vice President (or in the event thereby more than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of any designation, then in the order of their election) shall perform the duties of the Chairman of the Board and/or President (as the case may be), and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the Chairman of the Board or President (as the case may be). Any Vice President may sign, with the Secretary or Assistant Secretary, certificates for shares of the Corporation; and shall perform such other duties and have such authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him by the Chairman of the Board, President or Board of Directors. The execution of any instrument of the Corporation by any Vice President shall be conclusive evidence, as to third parties, of his authority to act in the stead of the Chairman of the Board and/or the President.

4.8 SECRETARY. The Secretary shall: (a) keep the minutes of the meeting of the shareholders and the Board of Directors in one or more books provided for that purpose; (b) attest instruments to be filed with the

Secretary of State; (c) see that all notices are duly given in accordance with the provisions of these By-Laws or as required by law; (d) be custodian of the corporate records; (e) keep or arrange for the keeping of a register of the post office address of each shareholder which shall be furnished to the Secretary by such shareholders; (f) sign with the Chairman of the Board or the President, certificates for shares of the Corporation, the issuance of which shall have been authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors; (g) have general charge of the stock transfer books of the Corporation; and (h) in general perform all duties incident to the office of the Secretary and have such other duties and exercise such authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him by the Chairman of the Board, the President or by the Board of Directors.

4.9 TREASURER. The Treasurer shall: (a) have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the Corporation; (b) receive and give receipts from moneys due and payable to the Corporation from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as shall be selected by the Corporation; and (c) in general perform all of the duties and exercise such other authority as from time to time may be delegated or assigned to him by the Chairman of the Board, the Vice Chairman of the Board or the President or by the Board of Directors. If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give a bond for the faithful discharge of his duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine.

4.10 ASSISTANT SECRETARIES AND ASSISTANT TREASURERS. There shall be such number of Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers as the Board of Directors may from time to time authorize. The Assistant Secretaries may sign with the Chairman of the Board or the President certificates for shares of the Corporation the issuance of which shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. The Assistant Treasurers shall respectively, if required by the Board of Directors, give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, in general, shall

perform such duties and have such authority as shall from time to time be delegated or assigned to them by the Secretary or the Treasurer, respectively, or by the Chairman of the Board, the President or by the Board of Directors.

4.11 OTHER ASSISTANTS; ACTING OFFICERS; OTHER OFFICERS. The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint any person to act as assistant to any officer, or as agent for the Corporation in his stead, or to perform the duties of such officer whenever for any reason it is impracticable for such officer to act personally, and such assistant or acting officer or other agent so appointed by the Board of Directors shall have the power to perform all the duties of the office to which he is so appointed to be an assistant, or as to which he is so appointed to act, except as such power may be otherwise defined or restricted by the Board of Directors. Such other officers as the Board of Directors may choose shall perform such duties and have such powers as from time to time may be assigned to them by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may delegate to any other officer of the Corporation the powers to choose such other officers and to prescribe their respective duties and powers.

4.12 SALARIES. The salaries of the principal officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors or by a duly authorized committee thereof, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that he is also a director of the Corporation.

## ARTICLE V. CONTRACTS; SPECIAL CORPORATE ACTS

5.1 CONTRACTS. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute or deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authorization may be general or confined to specific instances. In the absence of other designation, all deeds, mortgages and instruments of assignment or pledge made by the Corporation shall be executed in the name of the Corporation by the Chairman of the Board or the President or one of the Vice Presidents and by the Secretary, an Assistant Secretary, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer; and when so executed no other party to

such instrument or any third party shall be required to make any inquiry into the authority of the signing officer of officers.

5.2 VOTING OF SECURITIES OWNED BY THIS CORPORATION. Powers of attorney, proxies, waivers of notice of meeting, consents and other instruments relating to securities owned by the Corporation may be executed in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation by the President or any Vice President and any such officer may, in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, take all such action as any such officer may deem advisable to vote in person or by proxy at any meeting of security holders of any corporation in which the Corporation may own securities and at any such meeting shall possess and may exercise any and all rights and power incident to the ownership of such securities and which, as the owner thereof, the Corporation might have exercised and possessed if present. The Board of Directors may, by resolution, from time to time confer like powers upon any other person or persons.

## ARTICLE VI. CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES AND THEIR TRANSFER

6.1 CERTIFICATES FOR SHARES. Certificates representing shares of the Corporation shall be in such form, consistent with law, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed by the Chairman of the Board and by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary. All certificates for shares shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of the person to whom the shares represented thereby are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer books of the Corporation. All certificates surrendered to the Corporation for transfer shall be cancelled and no new certificate shall be issued until the former certificate for a like number of shares shall have been surrendered and cancelled, except as provided in Section 6.6.

6.2 FACSIMILE SIGNATURES AND SEAL. The signature of the Chairman of the Board and the Secretary or Assistant Secretary upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is manually signed on behalf of a transfer agent, or a registrar, other than the Corporation itself or an employee of the Corporation. The Corporation shall have a corporate seal.

6.3 SIGNATURE BY FORMER OFFICERS. In case any officer, who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon any certificate for shares, shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer at the date of its issue.

6.4 TRANSFER OF SHARES. Prior to due presentment of a certificate for shares for registration of transfer, the Corporation may treat the registered owner of such shares as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notifications and otherwise to have and exercise all the rights and powers of an owner. Where a certificate for shares is presented to the Corporation with a request to register for transfer, the Corporation shall not be liable to the owner or any other person suffering loss as a result of such registration of transfer if (a) there were on or with the certificate the necessary endorsements, and (b) the Corporation had no duty to inquire into adverse claims or has discharged any such duty. The Corporation may require reasonable assurance that said endorsements are genuine and effective and in compliance with such other regulations as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

6.5 LOST, DESTROYED OR STOLEN CERTIFICATES. Where the owner claims that his certificate for shares has been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, a new certificate shall be issued in place thereof if the owner (a) so requests before the Corporation has notice that such shares have been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, and (b) files with the Corporation a sufficient indemnity bond, and (c) satisfies such other reasonable requirements as may be prescribed by or under the authority of the Board of Directors.

6.6 CONSIDERATION FOR SHARES. The shares of the Corporation may be issued for such consideration as shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors, provided that any shares having a par value shall not be issued for a consideration less than the par value thereof. The consideration to be paid for shares may be paid in whole or in part, in money, in other property, tangible or intangible, or in labor or services actually performed for the Corporation. When payment of the

consideration for which shares are to be issued shall have been received by the Corporation, such shares shall be deemed to be fully paid and nonassessable by the Corporation. No certificate shall be issued for any share until such share is fully paid.

6.7 STOCK REGULATIONS. The Board of Directors shall have the power and authority to make all such further rules and regulations not inconsistent with the statutes of the State of Wisconsin as it may deem expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of certificates representing shares of the Corporation.

## ARTICLE VII. AMENDMENTS

7.1 BY SHAREHOLDERS. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, these By-Laws may be altered, amended or repealed and new By-Laws may be adopted by the shareholders by affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the votes represented in person or by proxy entitled to be cast therefor at any annual or special meeting of the shareholders at which a quorum is in attendance.

7.2 BY DIRECTORS. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation, these By-Laws may also be altered, amended or repealed and new By-Laws may be adopted by the Board of Directors by affirmative vote of a majority of the number of directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is in attendance; but no By-Law adopted by the shareholders shall be amended or repealed by the Board of Directors if the By-Law so adopted so provides.

7.3 IMPLIED AMENDMENTS. Any action taken or authorized by the shareholders or by the Board of Directors, which would be inconsistent with the By-Laws then in effect but is taken or authorized by affirmative vote of not less than the number of shares or the number of directors required to amend the By-Laws so that the By-Laws would be consistent with such action, shall be given the same effect as though the By-Laws had been temporarily amended or suspended so far, but only so far, as is necessary to permit the specific action so taken or authorized.

ARTICLE VIII. INDEMNIFICATION

8.1 CERTAIN DEFINITIONS. All capitalized terms used in this Article VIII and not otherwise hereinafter defined in this Section 8.1 shall have the meaning set forth in Section 180.042 of the Statute. The following capitalized terms (including any plural forms thereof) used in this Article VIII shall be defined as follows:

(a) "Affiliate" shall include, without limitation, any corporation, partnership, joint venture, employee benefit plan, trust or other enterprise that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Corporation.

(b) "Authority" shall mean the entity selected by the Director or Officer to determine his or her right to indemnification pursuant to Section 8.4.

(c) "Board" shall mean the entire then elected and serving board of directors of the Corporation, including all members thereof who are Parties to the subject Proceeding or any related Proceeding.

(d) "Breach of Duty" shall mean the Director or Officer breached or failed to perform his or her duties to the Corporation and his or her breach of or failure to perform those duties is determined, in accordance with Section 8.4, to constitute misconduct under Section 180.044(2)(a) 1, 2, 3 or 4 of the Statute.

(e) "Corporation" as used herein and as defined in the Statute and incorporated by reference into the definitions of certain other capitalized terms used herein, shall mean this Corporation, including, without limitation, any successor corporation or entity to this Corporation by way of merger, consolidation or acquisition of all or substantially all of the capital stock or assets of this Corporation.

(f) "Director or Officer" shall have the meaning set forth in the Statute; provided, that, for purposes of this Article VIII, it shall be conclusively presumed that any Director or Officer serving as a director, officer, partner, trustee, member of any governing or decision-making committee, employee or agent of an

Affiliate shall be so serving at the request of the Corporation.

(g) "Disinterested Quorum" shall mean a quorum of the Board who are not Parties to the subject Proceeding or any related Proceeding.

(h) "Party" shall have the meaning set forth in the Statute; provided, that, for purposes of this Article VIII, the term "Party" shall also include any Director or Officer who is or was a witness in a Proceeding at a time when he or she has not otherwise been formally named a Party thereto.

(i) "Proceeding" shall have the meaning set forth in the Statute; provided, that, for purposes of this Article VIII, the term "Proceeding" shall also include all Proceedings (i) brought under (in whole or in part) the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, their respective state counterparts, and/or any rule or regulation promulgated under any of the foregoing; (ii) brought before an Authority or otherwise to enforce rights hereunder; (iii) any appeal from a Proceeding; and (iv) any Proceeding in which the Director or Officer is a plaintiff or petitioner because he or she is a Director or Officer; provided, however, that such Proceeding is authorized by a majority vote of a Disinterested Quorum.

(j) "Statute" shall mean Sections 180.042 through 180.059, inclusive, of the Wisconsin Business Corporation Law, Chapter 180 of the Wisconsin Statutes, as the same shall then be in effect, including any amendments thereto, but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent such amendment permits or requires the Corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than the Statute permitted or required the Corporation to provide prior to such amendment.

8.2 MANDATORY INDEMNIFICATION. To the fullest extent permitted or required by the Statute, the Corporation shall indemnify a Director or Officer against all Liabilities incurred by or on behalf of such Director or Officer in connection with a Proceeding in which the Director or Officer is a Party because he or she is a Director or Officer.

#### 8.3 PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS.

(a) A Director or Officer who seeks indemnification under Section 8.2 shall make a written request therefor to the Corporation. Subject to Section 8.3(b), within sixty days of the Corporation's receipt of such request, the Corporation shall pay or reimburse the Director or Officer for the entire amount of Liabilities incurred by the Director or Officer in connection with the subject Proceeding (net of any Expenses previously advanced pursuant to Section 8.5).

(b) No indemnification shall be required to be paid by the Corporation pursuant to Section 8.2 if, within such sixty-day period, (i) a Disinterested Quorum, by a majority vote thereof, determines that the Director or Officer requesting indemnification engaged in misconduct constituting a Breach of Duty or (ii) a Disinterested Quorum cannot be obtained.

(c) In either case of nonpayment pursuant to Section 8.3(b), the Board shall immediately authorize by resolution that an Authority, as provided in Section 8.4, determine whether the Director's or Officer's conduct constituted a Breach of Duty and, therefore, whether indemnification should be denied hereunder.

(d) (i) If the Board does not authorize an Authority to determine the Director's or Officer's right to indemnification hereunder within such sixty-day period and/or (ii) if indemnification of the requested amount of Liabilities is paid by the Corporation, then it shall be conclusively presumed for all purposes that a Disinterested Quorum has determined that the Director or Officer did not engage in misconduct constituting a Breach of Duty and, in the case of subsection (i) above (but not subsection (ii)), indemnification by the Corporation of the requested amount of Liabilities shall be paid to the Director or Officer immediately.

8.4 DETERMINATION OF INDEMNIFICATION.

(a) If the Board authorizes an Authority to determine a Director's or Officer's right to indemnification pursuant to Section 8.3, then the Director or Officer requesting indemnification shall have the abso-

lute discretionary authority to select one of the following as such Authority:

 (i) An independent legal counsel; provided, that such counsel shall be mutually selected by such Director or Officer and by a majority vote of a Disinterested Quorum or, if a Disinterested Quorum cannot be obtained, then by a majority vote of the Board;

(ii) A panel of three arbitrators selected from the panels of arbitrators of the American Arbitration Association in Madison, Wisconsin; provided, that (A) one arbitrator shall be selected by such Director or Officer, the second arbitrator shall be selected by a majority vote of a Disinterested Quorum or, if a Disinterested Quorum cannot be obtained, then by a majority vote of the Board, and the third arbitrator shall be selected by the two previously selected arbitrators, and (B) in all other respects, such panel shall be governed by the American Arbitration Association's then existing Commercial Arbitration Rules; or

(iii) A court pursuant to and in accordance with Section 180.051 of the Statute.

(b) In any such determination by the selected Authority there shall exist a rebuttable presumption that the Director's or Officer's conduct did not constitute a Breach of Duty and that indemnification against the requested amount of Liabilities is required. The burden of rebutting such a presumption by clear and convincing evidence shall be on the Corporation or such other party asserting that such indemnification should not be allowed.

(c) The Authority shall make its determination within sixty days of being selected and shall submit a written opinion of its conclusion simultaneously to both the Corporation and the Director or Officer.

(d) If the Authority determines that indemnification is required hereunder, the Corpora-

tion shall pay the entire requested amount of Liabilities (net of any Expenses previously advanced pursuant to Section 8.5), including interest thereon at a reasonable rate, as determined by the Authority, within ten days of receipt of the Authority's opinion; provided, that, if it is determined by the Authority that a Director or Officer is entitled to indemnification as to some claims, issues or matters, but not as to other claims, issues or matters, involved in the subject Proceeding, the Corporation shall be required to pay (as set forth above) only the amount of such requested Liabilities as the Authority shall deem appropriate in light of all of the circumstances of such Proceeding.

(e) The determination by the Authority that indemnification is required hereunder shall be binding upon the Corporation regardless of any prior determination that the Director or Officer engaged in a Breach of Duty.

(f) All Expenses incurred in the determination process under this Section 8.4 by either the Corporation or the Director or Officer, including, without limitation, all Expenses of the selected Authority, shall be paid by the Corporation.

8.5 MANDATORY ALLOWANCE OF EXPENSES.

(a) The Corporation shall pay or reimburse, within ten days after the receipt of the Director's or Officer's written request therefor, the reasonable Expenses of the Director or Officer as such Expenses are incurred; provided, the following conditions are satisfied:

> (i) The Director or Officer furnishes to the Corporation an executed written certificate affirming his or her good faith belief that he or she has not engaged in misconduct which constitutes a Breach of Duty; and

(ii) The Director or Officer furnishes to the Corporation an unsecured executed written agreement to repay any advances made under this Section 8.5 if it is ultimately determined by an Authority that he or she is

not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation for such Expenses pursuant to Section 8.4.

(b) If the Director or Officer must repay any previously advanced Expenses pursuant to this Section 8.5, such Director or Officer shall not be required to pay interest on such amounts.

8.6 INDEMNIFICATION AND ALLOWANCE OF EXPENSES OF CERTAIN

OTHERS.

(a) The Corporation shall indemnify a director or officer of an Affiliate (who is not otherwise serving as a Director or Officer) against all Liabilities, and shall advance the reasonable Expenses, incurred by such director or officer in a Proceeding to the same extent hereunder as if such director or officer incurred such Liabilities because he or she was a Director or Officer, if such director or officer is a Party thereto because he or she is or was a director or officer of the Affiliate.

(b) The Board may, in its sole and absolute discretion as it deems appropriate, pursuant to a majority vote thereof, indemnify against Liabilities incurred by, and/or provide for the allowance of reasonable Expenses of, an employee or authorized agent of the Corporation acting within the scope of his or her duties as such and who is not otherwise a Director or Officer.

8.7 INSURANCE. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of a Director or Officer or any individual who is or was an employee or authorized agent of the Corporation against any Liability asserted against or incurred by such individual in his or her capacity as such or arising from his or her status as such, regardless of whether the Corporation is required or permitted to indemnify against any such Liability under this Article VIII.

8.8 NOTICE TO THE CORPORATION. A Director or Officer shall promptly notify the Corporation in writing when he or she has actual knowledge of a Proceeding which may result in a claim of indemnification against Liabilities or allowance of Expenses hereunder, but the failure to do so shall not relieve the Corporation of any liability to the Director or Officer hereunder unless the

Corporation shall have been irreparably prejudiced by such failure (as determined by an Authority selected pursuant to Section 8.4(a)).

8.9 SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Article VIII shall be deemed invalid or inoperative, or if a court of competent jurisdiction determines that any of the provisions of this Article VIII contravene public policy, this Article VIII shall be construed so that the remaining provisions shall not be affected, but shall remain in full force and effect, and any such provisions which are invalid or inoperative or which contravene public policy shall be deemed, without further action or deed by or on behalf of the Corporation, to be modified, amended and/or limited, but only to the extent necessary to render the same valid and enforceable.

8.10 NONEXCLUSIVITY OF ARTICLE VIII. The rights of a Director or Officer (or any other person) granted under this Article VIII shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to indemnification against Liabilities or advancement of Expenses which the Director or Officer (or such other person) may be entitled to under any written agreement, Board resolution, vote of shareholders of the Corporation or otherwise, including, without limitation, under the Statute. Nothing contained in this Article VIII shall be deemed to limit the Corporation's obligations to indemnify against Liabilities or advance Expenses to a Director or Officer under the Statute.

8.11 CONTRACTUAL NATURE OF ARTICLE VIII; REPEAL OR LIMITATION OF RIGHTS. This Article VIII shall be deemed to be a contract between the Corporation and each Director and Officer and any repeal or other limitation of this Article VIII or any repeal or limitation of the Statute or any other applicable law shall not limit any rights of indemnification against Liabilities or allowance of Expenses then existing or arising out of events, acts or omissions occurring prior to such repeal or limitation, including, without limitation, the right to indemnification against Liabilities or allowance of Expenses for Proceedings commenced after such repeal or limitation to enforce this Article VIII with regard to acts, omissions or events arising prior to such repeal or limitation.

# Exhibit 4.2

RAYOVAC CORPORATION,

THE COMPANY

ROV HOLDING, INC.,

A GUARANTOR,

AND

# MARINE MIDLAND BANK,

THE TRUSTEE

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FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE Dated as of February 26, 1999

Supplemental to the Indenture dated as of October 22, 1996

\_\_\_\_\_

\$65,000,000

10 1/4% Series B Senior Subordinated Notes due 2006

#### FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE, dated as of February 26, 1999,

between Rayovac Corporation, a Wisconsin corporation (the "Company"), ROV Holding, Inc., a Delaware corporation, (a "Guarantor"), and Marine Midland Bank, as Trustee (the "Trustee"), under the Indenture dated as of October 22, 1996 (the "Indenture"), this First Supplemental Indenture being supplemental thereto.

### RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

The Indenture was authorized, executed and delivered by the Company to provide for the issuance, by the Company and the guarantee by ROV Holding, Inc. of the Company's 10 1/4% Series B Senior Subordinated Notes Due 2006 (the "Notes").

Pursuant to an Action by Written Consent of the Company dated January 21, 1999 and of ROV Holding, Inc. dated January 21, 1999, each of the Company and ROV Holding, Inc. has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this First Supplemental Indenture to amend the Indenture as set forth herein pursuant to Article 9 of the Indenture; and all acts necessary to make this First Supplemental Indenture a valid agreement of the Company and ROV Holding, Inc. have been performed.

In accordance with Article 9 of the Indenture, the Company issued Solicitations of Consents to Amend Certain Provisions of the Indenture, each dated February 19, 1999, and obtained the consent of Holders (as defined in the Indenture) of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes to amend the Indenture as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE WITNESSETH, that, in consideration of the premises, it is mutually agreed, for the benefit of each other and for the equal and proportionate benefit of all Holders of the Notes, as follows:

#### ARTICLE ONE

### AMENDMENT OF INDENTURE

SECTION 101. DEFINITIONS; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

Terms defined in the Indenture and used without other definition herein have the respective meanings ascribed to them in the Indenture. The rules of construction set forth in the Indenture likewise govern this First Supplemental Indenture.

SECTION 102. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 1.01 OF THE INDENTURE.

Section 1.01 of the Indenture is hereby amended by:

(1) revising the definition of "Senior Bank Debt" to read as follows:

""SENIOR BANK DEBT" means all Obligations outstanding under or in connection with the Credit Agreement as such agreement may be restated, further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified or replaced from time to time hereafter, together with any refunding or replacement of such Indebtedness, up to an aggregate maximum principal amount outstanding or available at any time of \$225.0 million.";

(2) revising clause (i) of the definition of "Permitted Investments" to read as follows:

"(i) any Investments in the Company or in a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company which, with respect to any such Restricted Subsidiary, has a fair market value which does not exceed \$1.0 million in the aggregate, or any Investments in a Restricted Subsidiary that (A) is a Guarantor or (B) is not a Guarantor but is a Foreign Subsidiary;";

(3) revising clause (iii) of the definition of "Permitted Investments" to read as follows:

"(iii) Investments by the Company or any Restricted Subsidiary of the Company in a Person, if as a result of such Investment (A) such Person becomes a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that (x) is a Guarantor or

(y) is not a Guarantor but is a Foreign Subsidiary or (B) such Person is merged, consolidated or amalgamated with or into, or transfers or conveys substantially all of its assets to, or is liquidated into, the Company or a Restricted Subsidiary of the Company that (x) is a Guarantor or (y) is not a Guarantor but is a Foreign Subsidiary;";

(4) revising clause (ii) of the definition of "Permitted Liens" to read as follows:

"(ii) any Lien securing obligations under the Credit Agreement and any Guarantee thereof, which obligations or Guarantee are permitted by the terms hereof to be incurred and outstanding;"; and

(5) revising clause (xvii) of the definition of "Permitted Liens" to read as follows:

"(xvii) Liens securing other Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries not expressly permitted by clauses (i) through (xvi) above; PROVIDED that the aggregate amount of the Indebtedness of the Company and its Subsidiaries, that are not Foreign Subsidiaries, secured by Liens permitted pursuant to this clause (xvii) does not exceed \$3.0 million in the aggregate and that the aggregate amount of the Indebtedness of the Company's Foreign Subsidiaries secured by Liens permitted pursuant to this clause (xvii) does not exceed \$20.0 million in the aggregate."

SECTION 103. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 4.09 OF THE INDENTURE.

Section 4.09 of the Indenture is hereby amended by revising clause (vii) thereof to read as follows:

"(vii) the incurrence by any Foreign Subsidiary of Indebtedness (including Acquired Debt), which when aggregated with the principal amount of Indebtedness of all Foreign Subsidiaries then outstanding and incurred pursuant to this clause (vii), does not exceed \$20.0 million (or the equivalent thereof in any other currency) at any one time outstanding;".

SECTION 104. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 4.17 OF THE INDENTURE.

Section 4.17 of the Indenture is hereby by amended by revising the last sentence of the first paragraph to read as follows:

"Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries may take any of the foregoing actions with respect to a Restricted Subsidiary, without compliance with this Section 4.17, if such action is (A) a Permitted Investment or (B) a Restricted Investment, provided that, in the case of clause (B), the fair market value of such Investment, without duplication, is or is deemed a Restricted Payment at the time of such Restricted Investment that is permitted by, and reduces the amount available for Restricted Payments under, the first paragraph of Section 4.07 hereof."

SECTION 105. AMENDMENT TO SECTION 9.04 OF THE INDENTURE.

Section 9.04 of the Indenture is hereby amended by:

inserting a new second paragraph to read as follows:

"The Company may, but shall not be obligated to, fix a record date for the purpose of determining the Holders entitled to give their consent or take any other action described above or required or permitted to be taken pursuant to this Indenture. If a record date is fixed, then notwithstanding the provisions of the immediately preceding paragraph, those Persons who were Holders at such record date (or their duly designated proxies), and only those Persons, shall be entitled to give such consent or to revoke any consent previously given or to take any such action, whether or not such Persons continue to be Holders after such record date. No such consent shall be valid or effective for more than 120 days afer such record date."; and

(2) inserting a new sentence at the end of the first paragraph to read as follows:

"Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 9.04, no consent to any amendment, supplement or waiver delivered by a Holder of a Note or any proxy thereof in connection with the Consent Solicitation of the Company described in the Company's Amended Consent Solicitation

Statement dated February 19, 1999, as amended, may be revoked by such Holder or any subsequent Holder or proxy thereof.".

## SECTION 106. EFFECTIVENESS OF AMENDMENTS.

Upon execution and delivery by the Company, ROV Holding, Inc. and the Trustee, this First Supplemental Indenture shall become operative and the amendment of Section 9.04 of the Indenture pursuant to Section 105(2) of this First Supplemental Indenture shall immediately become effective, but the amendments to the Indenture pursuant to Sections 102, 103, 104 and 105(1) of this First Supplemental Indenture shall not become effective until the Company delivers to the Trustee a written notice executed by an Officer of the Company (the "Notice") of the Company's decision to consummate an acquisition of the business of marketing, manufacturing, selling and distributing batteries and related products carried on by ROV Limited, a Cayman Islands corporation, and the property and assets used in such business, PROVIDED that the amendments to the Indenture pursuant to Sections 102, 103, 104 and 105(1) of this First Supplemental Indenture shall not become effective if the Notice is not delivered to the Trustee on or before April 30, 1999.

## ARTICLE TWO

### MISCELLANEOUS

## SECTION 201. SEVERABILITY.

In case any provision in this First Supplemental Indenture shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

## SECTION 202. GOVERNING LAW.

THE INTERNAL LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUE THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.

### SECTION 203. RATIFICATION.

This First Supplemental Indenture is a supplement to the Indenture. As supplemented by this First Supplemental Indenture, the Indenture is in all respects ratified, approved and confirmed and the Indenture and this First Supplemental Indenture shall together constitute one and the same instrument.

SECTION 204. COUNTERPART ORIGINALS.

The parties may sign any number of copies of this First Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

### SECTION 205. THE TRUSTEE.

The Trustee shall not be responsible in any matter whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this First Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the Recitals contained herein, all of which are made solely by the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of RAYOVAC CORPORATION and ROV HOLDING, INC. have caused this First Supplemental Indenture to be signed in its corporate name and acknowledged by one of its duly authorized officers; and MARINE MIDLAND BANK, as Trustee, has caused this Indenture to be signed and acknowledged by one of its duly authorized signatories, and its seal to be affixed hereunto or impressed hereon, duly attested, as of the day and year first above written.

[Signatures on following page]

Dated as of February 26, 1999

Attest: /S/ LORRIE RYAN Dated as of February 26, 1999 RAYOVAC CORPORATION

By:

ROV HOLDING, INC.

By:

/S/ ROGER F. WARREN

Name: Roger F. Warren Title: Vice President

MARINE MIDLAND BANK, as Trustee

By:

/S/ FRANK J. GODINO ------Name: Frank J. Godino Title: Vice President

(SEAL)

- Attest:

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THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE COMPANY'S UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 4, 1999 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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3-MOS
       SEP-30-1999
         JAN-04-1999
           APR-04-1999
                          880
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89,214
276,326
82,952
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43,884
            161
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